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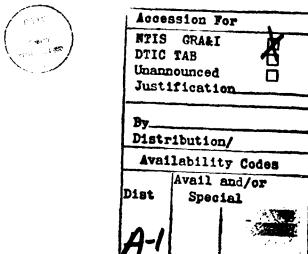
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## FORT HOOD: HOME OF THE THIRD CORPS



Approved:

Supervisor:

Robert Brooks, Ph.D.

Prof. Joel Fowler

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whose patience, encouragement, and assistance helped make this production possible

FORT HOOD: HOME OF THE THIRD CORPS

by

MELANIE R. REEDER, B.A.

#### REPORT

Presented to the Faculty of the Graduate School of
The University of Texas at Austin
in Partial Fulfillment
of the Requirements
for the Degree of

MASTER OF ARTS

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
AUGUST, 1989

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to Professor Joel Fowler for his guidance, supervision and support in making this thesis production possible. His contributuion to both my thesis and graduate degree are immeasurable. Likewise, I wish to express my gratitude to Dr. Robert Brooks for serving on my thesis committee and Professor Nic Cominos for his instruction in script writing and editing.

I would like to thank the officers, civilians and soldiers at Fort Hood who shared their time, talent and esprit with me, in particular Valerie Valdez, Eugenio Redmond, Keith Conner and MikeKelehar. Working with such professional and dedicated people makes me proud to have chosen the Army as my career.

Last, but not least, I express my deep gratitude to my husband and my parents, for without their support and encouragement this achievement would not have been possible.

M. R. R.

The University of Texas at Austin

Austin, Texas

August 1989

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# INTRODUCTION

## Brief Description of the Project:

"Ft Hood: Home of the Third Corps" is a 21 minute video produced for the Army's Third Corps Headquarters at Fort Hood, Texas. The production provides an overview of the mission, units, equipment, facilities and personnel which make up the Corps and Fort Hood.

The video serves many purposes; it is a "Welcome to Fort Hood" tape to be viewed by distinguished military and civilian visitors, a part of a presentation given by the Commanding General at speaking engagements, a newcomers orientation, and a public relations tool.

The tape was shot on location at Fort Hood, Texas in a corporate documentary style. It begins with a fast paced montage as a roaring tank splashes through a stream, a soldier bounds over an obstacle and crawls through a maize of barbed wire and an attack helicopter thunders over the rugged landscape. The exciting images of soldiers, tanks and aircraft on the move establish the Fort Hood atmosphere as rigorous and seriously professional, where the soldiers are motivated and the equipment is state-of-the-art.

After the opening montage a graphic design of the state of Texas appears with an American flag marking the location of the post within the state. Digitally produced, the graphic elements rotate on the screen and are transformed into an image of the Corps Headquarters Building with the flag relocated in front and a bold title appearing beneath it.

The video then changes to a slower pace as the voice over of the narrator and archival stills, film and video tell the proud history of the Third

Corps. Tracing the heritage from World War I through World War II. Korea and Vistnam to the present, the history of the Corps units and the fort itself unfold.

What follows is a physical description of Fort Hood, it's size, location, terrain, and geographic sphere of responsibility. The use of aerial video is effective in showing the vast size and varying terrain of the post and graphics depict boundaries and distances.

The video, with interesting imagery, voice-over narration and strong ambient sound, then identifies each unit in turn and describes it's specific mission, organization and equipment. After introduction of the units and their soldiers, a sequence concerning the facilities and training which support them gives insight into the daily life of the American soldier and his or her family.

The piece concludes with another montage, this one in slow motion and deliberately matching video with the words to the Lee Greenwood "God Bless the USA." The montage includes soldiers training and struggling to accomplish difficult and challenging feats, a soldier enjoying time with his family, an American flag waving against a blue sky and culminates with a soldier sitting on top of his tank silhouetted against the setting sun and then dissolves to fireworks exploding against a black sky.

#### About the Producer:

Like many students entering the Master's program in Radio/Television/Film at the University of Texas, I came with certain expectations of what I would learn. Had I known then the scope of what I would be learning and doing, and the amount of knowledge required of me, I would have been stupefied.

I entered the program in August of 1987 motivated and excited but with virtually no real hands on production experience. As a captain in the army for 12 years, I had written scripts for a handful of training films, directed (in the managerial sense) a segment for a military professional development video, provided coordination for media crews, produced slide presentations, and written articles and news releases, but knew very little about actual production.

I had always realized the power of the visual medium and was looking forward particularly to learning about the documentary style of production. What ensued was quite an adventure and definitely the fastest two years of my life. I learned more than I ever dreamed there was to learn, operated equipment I never knew existed, met some of the most creative and talented people I know, was assistant director for three major productions, produced a 19 minute pre-thesis documentary, and went more consecutive hours without sleep than I thought was possible.

Even though my career and personal desire will lead me toward the documentary style of production, I have enjoyed my learning and the

experience gained working in the dramatic narrative form. I would welcome any future opportunity in producing dramatic programs.

What I have learned is immeasurable, and in the production of my pre-thesis and later thesis, it was glaringly obvious that what I was learning in school was not only sinking in, but working. With each film or video project I increased my knowledge and skill. All this culminated in my ability to produce a 21 minute corporate documentary requiring five months of location shooting in more places than I care to count, use of a helicopter for aerial shooting, design and production of digital special effects, and on-line computerized editing of picture andpost production sound. The result led to a production that not only pleased the Corps but that pleased me as well. I have gained sufficient knowledge and experience to meet the challenges I will face in my career as a Public Affairs Officer in the United States Army.

PRE-PRODUCTION

## Choice of Thesis Subject

The decision to do the Fort Hood project is an example of being at the right place at the right time. During the Fall semester 1988, I went to Fort Hood to meet with the Corps public affairs officer to learn more about their mission specific responsibilities. The visit was extremely informative and provided an example of some of the things that I may later have to do as a public affairs officer in the army. While touring the facilities I met and spoke with the "Broadcast" personnel who produce a weekly newsprogram seen on Fort Hood and in the surrounding community. In passing, the supervisor, Mr Tommy Tucker, mentioned that he had been given the task to produce a video about Fort Hood to replace a slide presentation. Our discussion moved on to other things and I gave the subject little thought until months later.

Then came the time to make a decision on what I would produce as my thesis. As I considered various alternatives I evaluated their applicability to what I might be doing after graduation. I had been asked by the Bureau of Land Management to produce a documentary on the Wild Horse and Burro Adoption Program expanding upon my pre-thesis production. I was also considering doing a promotional piece requested by the University of Texas Psychology Department. But what I decided I needed was something that would provide experience with the military since that is what I would be doing after graduation. I approached the ROTC Department about doing a recruiting video for them, but even though they were very receptive to the idea the bulk of what I needed to

shoot was not occurring until Summer 1989, my intended graduation date. Then it hit me. Had Fort Hood already produced the video they needed and what was the possibility of me doing it for them? The next week I met with Lieutenant Colonel Bruce Beals, the Corps' public affairs officer to discuss my proposal. Employing the writing skills that I had learned in Professor Nicholas Cominos' documentary writing class I prepared a "pitch" and written synopsis of what I thought would tell the Fort Hood story.

It was definitely a fabrication of my own concept of Fort Hood because my actual knowledge of the post was fairly limited. But all large military installations and units have certain things that are inherently the same and applied knowledge gained during my time in the army. The meeting went very well: they had not had the time, equipment or personnel for production and liked my idea. The decision was made then that I would produce the new Fort Hood "Command Briefing", a 20 minute corporate video to provide the viewer with an overview of the mission, units, equipment, facilities and personnel which make up the Third Corps.

## Corps Guidance and Meetings

That first meeting set a tone of support and cooperation which continued throughout the production. During pre-production I met with LTC Beals and Mr Tucker frequently to seek guidance and determine what they wanted the video production to accomplish. Basically, I was given

free-rein to produce the piece with very little supervision or restriction, but was provided assistance whenever it was needed.

Once production actually began, I gave periodic progress reports but decided that I did not want to show any of the video until I had completed a rough cut, and then only to LTC Beals and Mr. Tucker who understood that what they were seeing was not the same quality of video that would comprise the final version. But in May 1989, against my better judgement, we provided a screening of what we had assembled thus far to the commanding general upon his request. He appeared disappointed until we explained the necessity of a rough cut from editing dubs vs the fine cut edited from camera originals.

This experience convinced me that you should not show the client the video until there is a solid story line and the picture is the way you want it. To an individual who does not understand the editing process, a rough or first cut is distracting and "sloppy." I'm sure the general was relieved and pleasantly surprised when he received the final on-line edited and mixed show and there were no white numbers across the screen!

#### Production Schedule and Milestones

When beginning a production getting started is often the most difficult task. The first step is to determine what needs to be done and by what date. I found the most effective way for me to accomplish this was by "reverse sequence planning." Starting with the required completion date

and working backwards, I determined target dates or *milestones* for completing each step of the production.

The following are those that I felt were important to establish at the on set:

<u>IASK</u> <u>COMP</u>		PLETION DATE
Synopsis and Proposal	16	January 1989
Complete Research	13	February 1989
Treatment	27	January 1989
Completion of Draft Shooting Script		February 1989
Crew Selection		February 1989
Complete Shooting	10	May 1989
Review Archival Footage	1	March 1989
Develop Production Schedule	1	February 1989
Equipment List	1	February 1989
Rights to Use Music		June 1989
Assembly	24	May 1989
First Cut	1	June 1989
Fine Cut	15	June 1989
On-Line Editing	4	July 1989
Sound Mix	6	Jul 1989
Distribution	20	July 1989

#### Research

I considered the pre-production research a key element in development and used it as a place to start. If I were going to tell the story of Fort Hood, I needed to learn as much as possible about it. I also discovered that as I did the research, a story line and ideas for narration and video began to emerge.

Upon completion of the initial research, I determined that there were four major areas deserving further evaluation: (1) the history of the corps, (2) the specific corps units and their mission, (3) the training and equipment, and (4) the facilities that support them and their families.

There were many sources of assistance and information to facilitate my research. There are two large museums with archival photographs and films, vintage uniforms, equipment and artifacts. The museum director is also the corps historian and was extremely helpful. Additionally, the public affairs officers always have a short unit history readily available. The remaining research was basically fact-finding for current information. This was available by familiarization with organizational manuals and charts, interviews and meetings with unit representatives, observation of training and orientations of facilities on post.

## **Evolution of the Script**

What to include in the production was a major problem. There was a tremendous amount of information, but the length of the video had to be limited to approximately 20 minutes. The challenge became how to

provide an adequate orientation of the largest armored post in the free world in such a short time.

Once the initial research had been completed I began to draft an outline for the script. The Corps provided me with guidance on specific factual information to be included, and gave me a copy of the script from their current 'orientation" slide presentation.

It became clearly evident as I worked on the script that there were things that had to be included in order for the video production to serve its intended purpose.

So I decided to develop an outline of all the areas to be covered in the project. The following outline which was developed became a valuable tool that I used throughout all the stages of production and found it the most effective why for me to deal with the large amount of information.

**OPENING MONTAGE** 

HISTORY

LOCATION AND SIZE OF FORT HOOD

CORPS OBJECTIVE

UNIT LEAD IN AND OVERVIEW

1ST CAVALRY DIVISION

2ND ARMOR DIVISION

6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE

13TH COMBAT SUPPORT COMMAND

3RD SIGNAL BRIGADE

89TH MILITARY POLICE BRIGADE

504TH MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

31ST AIR DEFENSE ARTILLERY

**MEDDAC** 

DENTAC

TEXCOM

EQUIPMENT INVENTORY

POPULATION AND PAYROLL

SUPPORT FACILITIES

ROUTES FOR DEPLOYMENT

GRAY ARMY AIRFIELD

HOOD ARMY AIRFIELD

AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL CENTER

TRAINING

RANGES

RESERVE COMPONENT UNITS

LEADERSHIP

COMBAT READINESS

**ENDING MONTAGE** 

After identifying these topics, I started to develop them into individual sequences with a commom thread. From this evolved a draft script. The script was then reviewed by the client to ensure all pertinent

information was included and accurate. Additionally, I submitted it to Professor Joel Fowler for his comments and suggestions.

Military writing has a unique style that does not flow well with this type of presentation and I had to convince the staff at Fort Hood to allow me flexibility in the writing and developing the script. With that battle won, I turned to the narration itself. I knew that I didn't want "wall to wall" narration but that's what I was afraid I would end up with because of the large amount of information to present. So the next step was to isolate the facts that had to be included and then find a way to bridge them together smoothly.

The goal was to create the story in such a way that the audience would feel as if they were there and participating. The idea was to present dynamic footage with strong ambient sound that took the viewer as close as possible to the action: crawling through an obstacle, riding on top of a tank, fiying a helicopter, shooting weapon systems and participating in what makes up a day in the life of a soldier on Fort Hood. We wanted to develop a video production that was different from other military videos that all too often become a slave to narration.

## Resources and Logistics

Fort Hood agreed to make all post resources available and provided most of the logistical support. It was also a valuable experience for me to learn the necessary procedures and forms required by the Army to submit work orders. Military work orders are required whenever

requesting military support. Even though I am familiar with military procedures, this newly gained knowledge will serve as an asset in future endeavors. They provided my tape stock, transportation support (off road vehicles and helicopters), use of camera equipment, camera operator, use of the graphics support and the production support of the Fort Hood Training Support Center Television (TSC-TV) station.

The two greatest assets provided by Fort Hood were the camera operator and use of the TSC-TV station equipment and personnel. The camera operator was available upon request and was extremely talented. The television station served as my base of operations and is where I spent most of my time when I wasn't on location. With the assistance of the TSC-TV personnel, I performed all off -line editing, sound recording, studio shooting and character generation at Fort Hood.

Even though Fort Hood provided most of what I needed, I depended upon the use of the camera, sound, and lighting equipment from the Radio-Television-Film Department at The University of Texas. The military owned and operated equipment was not the quality of that belonging to The University or TSC-TV. The TSC-TV operation is a civilian organization contracted for by the militrary, and only TSC personnel are authorized to operate it. There is also no chip camera available on Fort Hood and because of the unpredictable locations and conditions of our shooting it was an asset to have it.

i was also extremely lucky because while I was shooting on Fort Hood, the McDonnel Douglas Aircraft Company came to produce a promotional tape for their newly fielded Apache attack helicopter. I met with their producer and the McDonnel Douglas representative to ask if we could also take advantage of the helicopter mounted camera. Always looking for ways to better relationships with the military, the company was obliged to assist. They allowed two days at the end of their shooting schedule to shoot our aerials for us. However, severe weather came to central Texas and both days we were unable to fly. But I still had the opportunity, earlier in the week, to operate the Tyler Mounted camera on the helicopter and McDonnel Douglas provided us with their aircraft footage to use in our project. When shooting our aerials we used an UH1 helicopter (Huey) as our camera platform, and even though there is some vibration, it is acceptable quality.

## Review of Stock Footage

Because of the scope of coverage required it would have been virtually impossible to shoot everything needed in the four months allocated for shooting. Therefore, I used footage from the Fort Hood tape library which had been shot over the past few years. Many of the vital aspects of various unit training events only occur on an annual basis and did not occur while we were in production.

Screening the stock footage was very time consuming but necessary. I looked through the tape logs and if any sounded remotely applicable, I previewed them. After we had been shooting for awhile, we

again considered stock footage for sequences where we had not been able to shoot something.

#### Crew

The crew consisted mostly of personnel from Fort Hood. This was primarily because of the travel distance from Austin to Fort Hood and the frequency of the location shooting. Production at Fort Hood also provided a considerable savings because personnel and editing equipment were available at no cost. This consisted of the TSC-TV television personnel, along with TSC graphics design personnel, and a military camera operator were made available to me. My friends, my sister and my husband were also part of the crew.

The size of the crew varied from shoot to shoot and was occasionally composed of just the camera operator and me. Often, we would receive no prior notice of a training event or taping opportunity. When we heard of one at the last minute, we would have to grab the camera and run. We managed to do well, but would have preferred more notice and a larger crew.

SGT Eugenio Redmond, my camera operator, did an excellent job. He has been an army photographer and camera operator for eight years. He is creative, thorough, and always dependable. His knowledge in all areas of production was an asset, and no matter what I asked him to do,

whether it was ride on top of a tank or take video while leaning out the door of a helicopter, he always did it eagerly.

Keith Conner, the TSC-TV station director, is a "jack of all trades" and shared with me the experience he has gained in military production. He warned me of those things to pay particular attention to, and that he knew were of special interest at Fort Hood. He suggested certain things I should avoid and things I should include. He was helpful in establishing points of contact, did the editing of the pre-recorded music used in both the beginning and ending montages and provided technical advice.

Mike Kelehar, camera operator, editor and graphics designer has had previous experience working at three different television stations, and demonstrated that he could master the use of any piece of equipment. His camera work was superb, and his post production was meticulous. Also, he designed and produced the chyron graphics included in the video.

Valeria Valdez, the editor, has had seven years experience and is an extremely proficient editor. Her attention to detail, creativity and technical competence proved to be invaluable. She made outstanding suggestions and I encouraged her to use her initiative whenever possible.

Amanda Lineker, my sound recordist, is my sister. She is a college freshman and is interested in learning about production. She has worked on numerous student film and video productions and her "hands on experience has taught her a lot of important principles of sound. She did an excellent job in recording the production ambience and sound effects.

Jon Ettinger, the sound editor, is a fellow graduate student, who volunteered to assist with my sound editing and mix. I had some difficult sound challenges that Jon's assistance helped me overcome.

Sue Mulvehill, a friend, who volunteered to serve as grip, did so because she wanted the learn about how videotapes and films were made. She was extremely helpful and also learned how to record sound and operate the deck.

The crew was great and all worked very well together. It was required that each be multi-talented and "a good sport". They were extremely dedicated and put in extra work on their own time with no intention of seeking payment.

## Equipment

I utilized equipment belonging to The University's RTF Department, the Army, and the contract Training Support Center Television station. The camera I planned to use was The University's Sony 3000, but when the school equipment was not available, or an unscheduled shooting opportunity arose I used SGT Redmond's Ikegami ITC 730A or the JVC KY 310 from TSC-TV. The video quality was not of significance difference.

Mobility was also a consideration when deciding what equipment we would take on a particular shoot. We would often have to carry the equipment long distances on foot over rough terrain. We would liked to have had a monitor along but is was not normally a feasible option.

The following is a listing of equipment that I planned to utilize during the production:

## **UNIVERSITY EQUIPMENT LIST**

WV 200 CLE Panosonic camera w/batteries

or

3000 w/ batteries

14 Pin cable

Deck (sony BVU 110, 1st choice, JVC 4900, 2nd choice)

JVC AC 50 adapter

Adapter to camera cable

4 pin cable

Batteries

Recharger

Miller Tripod

M-R Light kit

Headphones

Audio cables

DL-42 Microphone (film dept)

Camera Manual

Extension cords (2)

Apple boxes (2) (film dept)

Panasonic Monitor

BNC Cable

2 C-stands (film Dept)

#### ARMY/TSC-TV EQUIPMENT

JVC KY 310 Camera

Ikegami

JVC CR 4900U Deck

Electro Voice RE 20 Microphone

tripod

lighting kit w/stands

## Target Audience and Considerations

The intended audience consists of distinguished visitors to Fort Hood, attendees at presentations given by the commanding general at speaking engagements, and newly assigned senior commissioned and non-commissioned officers.

Our audience is extremely broad as is the scope of the video production. Therefore we had to take into account the following:

- All tray not have an understanding of the Army and/or it's language:
-Some that be expense.

- The audience will consist of both military and civilian viewers,
It could also be assumed that most of the audience would be
positively predisposed toward the Army. But the intent is to leave them
with the feeling that Fort Hood is an exciting place and that the soldiers are
motivated and technically capable of meeting any challenge.

## importance of Military Accuracy

Military accuracy could not be stressed enough. The accuracy of each detail, in narration and picture, determines the credibility of this entire video production. No matter haw good the overall program is, if the information presented is incorrect, the intended message may be lost. Special care was given in pre-production meetings and on location to ensure what was being said and taped was correct and in accordance with military standard operating procedures.

## Organization

For easy access to pre-production and production material, I kept all the important materials in a three ring binder which became more valuable as time went on. The contents included the following: director's calendar, shooting schedule, crew list, telephone numbers, points of contact, shot lists, synopsis, treatment, script, Fort Hood map, equipment check out forms, work order forms and unit training schedules.

## Unit Pre-arranged Points of Contact

We established a point of contact in each major command or unit during pre-production for three reasons: (1) so that they could inform the unit commander of the project and seek his/her guidance as to what they feel would best depict the unit, (2) to help determine what and when to shoot, and (3) to assist in the logistics and transportation of each shoot.

#### What to Shoot

In determining what to shoot, I used the outline that I had developed and began by listing shots that I considered would best support each sequence. These were the shots we would plan for and then if they were not possible we'd seek alternative shot ideas. We also knew that shots we had not even considered would develop while on location.

With such little time to cover each unit sequenceit was important to capture, in a very short amount of time, their daily and wartime mission. We planned to show the equipment and soldiers close up and from the most interesting points of view.

#### Problems and Solutions

The greatest problem faced in pre-production was that of the script development. Because there was so much information to be covered in only 20 minutes, I had to write the narration before shooting so the I could ensure adequate coverage. This, I was afraid, would make me a "slave to the narration" in post-production. So to beat this problem, I identified the

"pie in sky" shots that would serve most dynamically to visually describe each area. Because the narration consisted of so many facts, I decided it was more important to have interesting visuals which tie together to tell a story rather than build the picture to support the narration.

# PRODUCTION

## Crew Relationship

The crew worked together very well, everyone willingly chipped in to do whatever was necessary. Actually, everyone had a good time. It isn't everyday that you get to ride in a tank, a military tactical vehicle or a helicopter. The crew was very dedicated and all put in long hours, many on the weekend, in the early hours of the morning, or late at night. I provided meals and/or snacks whenever necessary.

## Scheduling

Military training is very costly, therefore we made every attempt possible to shoot events during actual scheduled training. This was accomplished by constant communication with the unit points of contact and closely monitoring their training schedules.

Because of the logistics involved, including equipment checkout in Austin, transportation, range passes, and crew availability, I needed to have each months schedule planned as thoroughly as possible.

However, there were always last minute shooting opportunities, and as I mentioned previously, this is when we grabbed any available crew and camera and ran! This is when we shot some of our best material.

I provided each member of the crew a calendar at the beginning of each month which had the shooting schedule and any other key dates noted. This was an easy way to keep track of things and a convenient format to make new entries or changes.

#### Weather

The majority of the shooting took place outdoors. Poor weather was seldom a hindrance because scheduled training continued and we normally chose to shoot unless there was lots of rain (If the weather was extremely cold or rainy we did not). Precautions were taken to keep the equipment dry and free of blowing dust.

When taping training shots, rain and mud were fine because it shows the viewer that Fort Hood soldiers are provided realistic training in adverse weather conditions.

When the terrible spring storms hit central Texas much of our shooting had to be postponed. Both because of inclement weather and storm damage.

High winds and flooding curtailed most of the training and severely damaged millions of dollars worth of equipment.

## **Equipment Problems**

Overall the equipment functioned very well. But we did experience a few snags, some were due to equipment malfunctions and others to operator error. Probably the worst day of shooting occurred on 1 June 1989. I was on my way to Fort Hood at 5 a.m. to shoot the soldiers participating in a five mile run when my bad luck started. I came around a corner on a country road and struck a deer. The deer was injured but managed to run into the woods. My truck was slightly damaged and I was a little shaky but "duty called" and so continued on to Fort Hood. I was

shooting by myself because my crew members were either running or unavailable so I arrived early to get the equipment set up at the best vantage point. Technical difficulties with the camera prevented the tape from rolling. I frantically performed some basic trouble shooting but could not get the camera to operate. Silhouetted against the rising sun, the formations ran passed me, it would have been a great shot! Later, to add insult to injury I was showing my camera operator what had happened and the camera worked beautifully!

However, that afternoon while out in the field taping M1 tanks being loaded onto heavy equipment transports, the camera, once again, would not allow the tape to roll. This time I shook the cable and the tape began to move, but only intermittently. The culprit: a faulty 14 pin cable.

On another occasion, we had a problem with the Panasonic 200 back focus, no matter what we did, the camera would not hold the focus when you zoomed out. We had a registration and focus card with us, but no matter what we did we could not get it adjusted. I returned it to The University so that the engineer could make the corrections. Luckily no shooting was missed that we could not make up at another date.

We had a full morning of shooting on 4 May, taping soldiers learning to rappel from a tower. From various angles and positions, we felt sure we had captured some excellent action shots. We went to look at them over the lunch break and discovered the picture was in black and white. We knew immediately that we had neglected to check the position of the Y switch and that it was in the Super VHS position.

Batteries also proved to be a problem, particularly when using the JVC 4900 deck. The longest amount of time any of the batteries held a charge was 14 minutes. When using the BVU 110 the batteries hold a charge longer but there are not enough batteries.

#### Camera

The camera equipment from The University and TSC-TV is excellent equipment and is well maintained. But the few times we had to use the public affairs camera package from Fort Hood, I was surprised at it's poor condition. Their Ikegami ITC 730A is not a bad camera, it's just wearing out. The microphone cable is worn in numerous places and the wind screen is a piece of folded foam held on by a rubberband. The Tripod head is so loose that the camera rocked back and forth. It is smazing to the that SGT Redmond and the broadcasters can produce the quality work they do with this equipment. This camera package was only used as a last resort.

My favorite camera was the Sony 3000. It was always dependable and did the best in low light. The BVU 110 deck is definitely the way to go. Recording time code in the field is the best solution and saves time in post production.

#### Sound

Sound plays a key role in the richness and depth of a show. This is especially true if your objective is to make the viewer feel as if he/she is

right there where the action is occurring. Production sound for this project posed some interesting challenges:

- (1) Proximity— Due to the nature of the weaponry and training we were shooting, regulations and safety often kept us at a distance far away from the action. The camera's zoom capability can take you up close but the sound is still distant. There were two means of dealing with this problem during production. The first was to record some other natural sound occurring at the same location that could logically serve as a sound effect over the distant shot, such as radio communication regarding the action. The second was to place a recording device near or in the vehicle or area of operation.
- (2) Equipment or vehicle noise— Often times the hum of equipment would be so loud that if a soldier was speaking it was difficult to hear them over the background noise. We found that if we used a lavaliere to mic the individual the background noise was not as loud and did not fight the voice. Another way in which vehicle noise became an interference was when we were recording from inside a loud vehicle, tank or helicopter (This problem was also dealt with further in post production). However what I did,on two occasions, was place the microphone inside an extra operators headset, tape the headphones closed around it, and record the accompanying radio communication.

When on location we always recorded some general ambience for possible use in post-production. But what we also did that proved valuable later was to record generic tank, various generator, vehicular and aircraft ambience to make a sound effects tape.

## Lighting

We seldom found it necessary to use anything other than available light. Even when shooting indoors we rarely needed lighting except for fill. The most difficult location to light was the basketball court inside a large gymnasium with a high ceiling. We could not bounce large light off the ceiling, it was just too high, and we didn't want the light to look harsh and direct so we lit with three Lowell Omni lighting kits. It provided just enough light and did not cause any shadows as the players moved from one side of the court to another. Also in the gym, the weight room was rather dark, and was difficult to light because of the chrome equipment and the mirrored walls.

When taping in the hospital or dental clinic the examination lights provided ample light. In fact the surgical light was so bright that it recorded a little hot. In the craft shop, the lights that are placed so the patrons can see to make their crafts, also provided enough light for shooting.

# Transportation

Transportation to and from the checkout location was provided by my Ford pick-up truck, which throughout the entire project proved

invaluable, serving not only to move equipment but also to take crew to location and serve as a camera platform. Military vehicles were often provided, particularly when shooting at ranges or other locations where civilian vehicles are not authorized or where terrain prohibited their use.

# Use of Aerial Photography

While developing the shot list I determined that an aerial perspective was necessary to give the proper perspective and show the vast size of the post: it's equipment and terrain. The aerials I felt were most necessary were:

- -Rows of vehicles and tactical equipment;
- -Post Exchange Mall and Commissary;
- -Diversity of terrain and thousands of acres of training area;
- -Highway and water routes of access;
- -Airfields with aircraft parked on the airfields.

We were flown in a Huey helicopter as our camera platform and spent approximately five flying hours to tape the key locations.

#### Location Difficulties

An obvious limitation of shooting in the field is that there is generally no source of power available. This is of particular concern when the life of your batteries are limited to very short amounts of time. We had to make every effort to conserve battery power and often took a second deck as back up. This became extremely important if we were shooting something

that we had only had one opportunity to tape; or if we knew what we were taping would take along time. When shooting at a range, we could often run an extension cord from the range control tower or have the batteries recharging while we were shooting.

Also, we, on some locations, had limited options for camera placement. This did not always provide the best angle and often we had to deal with subjects brightly back lit by the sun.

# Maintenance of Military Accuracy

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Just as military accuracy was important in development of the script, it was equally as important when shooting. An otherwise "perfect" shot would be of no use to us if some element in the content of the shot were not accurate. Things we had to pay particular attention to were: that proper safety procedures were being exercised, that required equipment and uniforms were being used or worn, that the action be "real life" and that business be conducted as usual.

Even though I am in the Army, I do not know the regulations and standard operating procedures pertaining to much of what we shot.

Therefore it is important to seek the assistance of the unit commander or his/her representative to ensure adherence for this.

# Slide Design

Throughout my production, there were lists of facts and figures that could not be avoided. But rather than have the narrator rattle off long lists, we designed simple slides to visually show this important information.

Some were 35mm slides, produced at the Fort Hood Training Support Center, visual graphics department. Others were created on the Grass Valley Chyron machine by Mike Kelehar, who, as I mentioned earlier he is extremely talented and creative. One idea he developed was to video tape an American and Texas state flag as a background then keyed chyron information over it to show various geographic locations.

The 35mm slides had to be transferred to video tape. When I coordinated for their production I had no idea of how difficult it would be to transfer them to video and maintain any of the quality. The slides themselves looked great but both the TSC-TV and The University film chains could not transfer them and retain any of the quality. So I took them to River City Productions in Austin, and had them transferred. They look very nice: almost as good as the slides themselves.

# Special Effects Design, Coordination, Production, and Cost

I wanted the viewer, from the beginning of the production, to see something which makes this tape different from the standard military style production. The opening montage starts the show off with a bang, a tease, to catch the attention of the audience so that they want to see what

follows. However, how I could get from the montage to the body of the presentation was the question. After hooking the audience with the montage, how should I now bridge the transition to the body of information and slow the pace?

I knew that what I needed was an eye-catching title to lead the audience forward. With this in mind, I began acquiring demo tapes from various production companies. The one that I decided to pursue was a digitally produced graphic produced in Dallas, at the Dallas Post-production Center.

The title sequence consists of the following graphic production: a graphic design of the state of Texas appears with an American flag placed on it marking the location of Fort Hood within the state. Digitally produced the graphic elements rotate on the screen and are transformed into the image of the Corps Headquarters Building. The flag moves toward the viewer, getting larger, then moves backward and stops where a real flag would be placed on the actual Headquarters. A bold title appears beneath it which says "Fort Hood: Home of the Third Corps" and the opportunity.

The meetings with the Dallas Post-production Center were very interesting. They gave us a tour of the entire facility. Looking at examples of their work, we were amazed as they explained in great detail their production capabilities.

POST-PRODUCTION

# Organization of Tapes and Materials

As always, labelling and logging tapes is imperative. We shot over 45 tapes and to keep from getting behind we logged the tapes as soon as possible after shooting. Each tape was also labelled: marking the unit, the subject, the date and the camera operator. 3/4 inch editing dubs were made using recycled tapes to conserve resources.

There was no need to transcribe tapes because we a had no interviews and very little individual voice. However, while logging the tapes we made specific note of sound that was particularly good or that had a problem and included this information in the log. This saved a lot of time, but still made it easy to locate specific sound effects or "good ambience."

There was an area within the TSC-TV station designated as our work space and editing station. We organized our tapes and materials on shelves and placed our logs, cutting outline and current script in a loose leaf notebook for easy reference while reviewing tapes and editing.

# Cutting Outline and Assembly

The greatest tool used in editing was the outline that I previously mentioned was developed in the pre-production stage. This same outline, which served earlier as a basis for development of the shot list, became an editing outline.

Editing began by placing each topic or sequence title from the outline at the top of a blank page. Use of the outline was invaluable to

organize the material: working our way through sequence by sequence we would note the reel number and location of any footage that would be appropriate for inclusion in the sequence. This slowly evolved into a paper edit.

The outline served as the back bone to which we added the flesh. Before beginning and editing on tape, Valerie, my editor and I, reviewed all the tapes to determine where the best footage would fit in our outline. The next step was to work our way through the outline deciding where any previously identified stock footage might fit. This ensured use of the best material at the most appropriate location within the piece.

After listing the shots accordingly, a structure began to develop and in our assembly the "visual gaps" became evident. We then reviewed the logs of our tape and stock tape to see if we had what we needed.

# Additional Shooting Required

Once we determined that additional shots were required to cover the units more completely, we scheduled "pick ups" and shot for an additional three weeks. When it was not possible to shoot what we had in our pre-production script we developed alternative shots or sequences.

# Rough Cut - Off line

The pacing was not right yet, the time of transitional dissolves had not been worked out and the ending montage. The following is the outline from which we developed our off line rough cut:

#### **MONTAGE**

Music: "Eye of the Tiger"

MS-M1 Tans Splashing Through the Water

LS- Apache Flyover

CU- Dragon Live Fire

MS-Dragon Hitting Target

CU- Camouflaged Face

MS- Howitzer Firing in Field

MS- Bayonet Training Jumping Over Log

CU- Soldier Jumps From Helicopter to Water

WS- Water Rafts

CU- River Rafts

CU- Vulcan Live Fire

MS- Soldiers Crawling Under Wire

MS- Soldiers Vaulting Over Log

CU- M-1 Barrel Passes Camera

MS- Bayonet Training Explosion

Special Effect- Texas State & Rotating Building

# SEQUENCE 2 HISTORICAL

Corps Unit History

WS-Soldiers Marching in Formation

LS- Battlefield Explosions

LS- Tank with Men Marching

LS- Tank Moving into Fire Fight

LS- Tanks on Road in Snow

CU- Tank in Snow

LS- Mortar on Hill in Korea

CU- Gun Firing

MS- Howitzer

LS- Aerial "River Blazing"

LS- Rice Pattie DISSOLVE

MS- Soldiers in Rice Pattie

POV- Helicopter Firing

#### Hood History

CU- Portrait of Gen John Bell Hood

MS- 3 Soldiers in Tank

MS- Tank Destroyer Sign

MS- Soldier at Field Sight

CU- Individual with Rifle

LS- Aerial

MS- Tank with Soldier in Foreground

LS- Aerial of Quarters in '60s

LS- Tank Firing

LS- Hitting Target

# SEQUENCE 3 LOCATION AND SIZE

ES- Terrain Aerial

**GRAPHIC- Showing Boundaries** 

GRAPHIC- Showing FT Hood Between Dallas and San Antonio

MS- Killeen Road Sign

LS- Tower Shot with Facilities

GRAPHIC- Showing HQ FORSCOM

GRAPHIC Showing Distance to Subordinate Units

#### CORPS OBJECTIVE

MS- Tank Moves and Then Freezes

GRAPHIC- Showing the Readiness Mission at FT Hood

LS-Aircraft Taking Off

LS- Soldiers in Camo Running

MS- Two Soldiers Clap Hands Together from Bayonet Training
Tape

SLIDE- NATO Mission

SLIDE- Strategic Deployment

#### SEQUENCE 5

UNIT LEAD IN

SLIDE of Unit Patches Surrounding the Corps Patch DISSOLVE TO BLACK

#### **SEQUENCE 6**

#### 1ST CAVALRY DIVISION

FADE IN: Division Patch

A "Engage .. and Continue Mission of TRP2."

DISSOLVE TO: M1 in Firing Position

Tank Firing

Crawling Through Wire Obstacle

Stinger Firing

Stinger Round Hits

Tracks Move in Germany

FADE TO BLACK

#### 2ND ARMOR DIVISION

FADE IN: Division Patch

A M1 Sounds

ES- M1

POV M1 on the Move

LS- M1 Moves into Firing Position

CU- Gunner Loading

MS-Barrel of M1 as it Fires

LS- Bradley

LS- Apache Flyover

LS- MLRS on the Move

LS-MLRS Fires

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 8

#### 6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A Apache Sounds

DISSOLVE TO: Apache Flying Formation

LS-Formation at Belton Lake

MS- Apache Firing

CU- Apache Firing

CU- Screen with Firing

CU- screen with Firing

LS- OH 58 Flying

Apache Flyover

LS- CH 47 Hook Up

MS-CH 47 Take Off

FADE TO BLACK

#### APACHE TRAINING BRIGADE

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A Apache Sounds

DISSOLVE TO: LS- Row of Apaches Taking Off

CU- Pilot in Cockpit

CU- Rotor Blade Turning

MS- Apache Taking Off

LS- Apache Flying Away

POV of Pilot

MS- Row of Apaches

LS- Apaches Flying

LS- Apache Flys Under Camera

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 10

#### 13TH COMBAT SUPPORT COMMAND

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A Cranking Sound

DISSOLVE TO: LS-Female Soldier Working Lift

LS- Two Soldiers with Screw Driver

CU- Soldier with Screw Driver

LS- Soldier Replacing Bolt

LS- Refueling

LS- Bulldozer

LS- HET w M1 Load

LS- Medics Carrying Stretcher

FADE TO BLACK

#### 3RD SIGNAL BRIGADE

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A Soldier Speaking on Radio

WS- Antenna

CU- Soldier on Antenna

CU- Soldier with MSE Equipment

CU- Key Board

WS- Soldier with MSE

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 12

#### 89TH MILITARY POLICE BRIGADE

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A Vehicle Sounds

MP in Camo Directing Convoy in the Field

LS- MP Giving Ticket

CU- MP Giving Ticket

LS- MP Assisting Child Across Crosswalk

WS- MPs Mounted on Armed HUMV

CU- Rrisoner Surrenders

WS- Troop Movement

CU- Search Procedures

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 13

#### 504TH MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A HUM of Equipment

LS- Soldiers Cranking Antenna Ground

CU- Hand Crank Turning

LS- RU21 (aircraft) Moves Toward Camera

LS- Soldier Using Aiming Mirror

CU- Aiming Mirror

ES- Mohawk

CU- Female Specialist Adjusts Equip in Aircraft

MS- Male Pilot Climbs into Aircraft

LS- Mohawk Taxis

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 14

### 31ST AIR DEFENSE ARTILLERY

FADE IN: Unit Patch

A Count Down

ES- Hawk Preparing to Fire

CU- Turning Antenna

LS- Hawk Firing

LS- Round Hitting Drone

LS- Crew Rides by Camera After Shooting

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 15

#### **MEDDAC**

FADE IN: MEDDAC patch

A Helicopter Sounds

DISSOLVE TO: Helicopter with Ambulance in Foreground

ES- EXT. Darnall Hospital

LS- Patient Entering Catscan Machine

CU- Catscan Screen

LS- Doc with Child

CU- Child Breathing

LS- Babies in Nursery

MS- Doc Preparing

MS- Patient Being Wheeled into Operating Room

**ECU- Operating Tools** 

LS- Surgery

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 16

#### DENTAC

CU- Technician

CU- Patient's Mouth

MS- Patient

CU- Patient Getting Panorex (Moving X-ray Machine)

CU- X-ray

MS- Patient in Dental Chair

FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 17

#### TEXCOM

FADE IN: Unit Patch

DISSOLVE TO: ES- Pan of Row of Flags

LS- Flags

LS- M1 firing- Audio from Reel 13 8:29:00

LS- Bradley Firing and Moving - Audio from Reel 3 11:36:04

LS- Apache - Audio from Val's Video Master 6:40:00

Firing

MS- Soldier Placed on Litter

LS- Bradley Coming to a Stop

CU- Lieutenant with Binoculars

MS- M1 Tank

CU- Blinking Light

MS- M1 Target

LS- M1 Tank

LS-M2

LS- M3

LS- Column of Apaches

FADE TO BLACK

FADE IN: Soldier Getting in MSE on Truck

CU- Soldier with MSE Equipment

CU- Key Panel

LS- Soldier Operating Key Panel

#### SEQUENCE 18

#### INVENTORY

FADE IN: LS- Motorpool Row with Airfield in Background

GRAPHIC- Information About the Numbers of Pieces of Equipment

LS- Apaches Waiting to be Fueled

CU- Fuel Hose Filling Apache Tank

CU- Apache Fuel Gauge with Red Letters

CU- "Thumbs Up! Hand Gesture

LS- Apache Takes Oif

MS- Maintenance Shot- Soldiers Replacing Engine

#### SEQUENCE 19

#### POPULATION AND PAYROLL

FADE IN: Large Formation Running PT

**GRAPHIC-** Population Statistics

MS- Soldier Reporting for Pay

GRAPHIC- Payroll Dollar Amounts

#### SEQUENCE 20

#### **FACILITIES**

ES- LS- PX Exterior with Bus in Front

MS- PX Interior with Woman Shopping in Toddler Section

LS- Aisle in Commissary

MS- Soldier Selecting Fruit

AERIAL- PAN of Commissary and PX

CU- Theater Marquis

LS- EXT. Theater

LS-INT. Play on Stage in Theater

LS- EXT. Chapel

LS- Chaplain in Field

CU- Chaplain in Field

LS- Family Life Center

MS- INT. Classroom

EXT.-ES- Little Boys Play Soccer in Front of the Family Quarters

LS-Exterior of Enlisted Houses

LS-Exterior of Officer Houses

ES- LS- Exercise Room

**CU-Feet Walking** 

MS- Man on Bike

CU- Feet Pedalling

LS- Basketball

MS- Raquetball

CU- Little Girl in Pool

CU- Weights

CU- Man Lifting Weights

LS- Soldier Napping in Camp Ground

MS- Woman Making Pottery

MS- Two Woman Working on Crafts

AERIAL- ZOOM OUT of the Soldiers Dome

ES-LS Belton Lake

LS- Keith Fishing

MS- Child Coming Down Water Slide

LS- "Cafe Court" in PX Mall

CU- Soldier Eating Pizza

EXT. LS- Shoppette

MS- Baseball Player Hitting Ball

MS- Barber Cutting Hair FADE TO BLACK

#### SEQUENCE 21

**ROUTES FOR DEPLOYMENT** 

FADE IN: AERIAL of Beaumont

Aircraft Load Up

AERIAL of Highway Cloverleaf

LS-Ship

MS- Equipment Loading into Ship

#### SEQUENCE 22

#### **GRAY ARMY AIRFIELD**

ES- C-5 Galaxy Being Loaded

MS- "Dust Off" Helicopter Turns and Exits Frame

CU- Soldiers Process for Overseas Deployment

LS- Soldiers Board Civilian Aircraft

MS- Soldiers on Commercial Plane

LS- C-5 Galaxy Take Off

LS- U-21 on Runway Moves and Exits Frame

LS- U21 Taxis for Take Off

MS- Mohawk Aircraft on Runway

CU- Propellor Turning

LS- Mohawk Leaves

#### SEQUENCE 23

#### HOOD ARMY AIRFIELD

ES- Aerial View of the Entire Airfield with Aircraft on Runway

CU- Airfield Tower

MS- CH47 Helicopter Hovering

LS- Apache Aircraft on Runway

### AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL CENTER

CU-Scope

MS- Controller at Scope

CU- Weather Screen

MS- Military Controllers

CU- Control Panel

OTS- Controller

CU- Hand Writing Information

LS- Turning Antenna

#### SEQUENCE 25

#### TRAINING

LS- Mortar Loading

CU- Round Insertion

ES- War Game Room

LS- Soldiers Around Simulation Table

**CU-Figurines** 

MS- Soldier Moves Figurines

MS- Tank Rolls Over Soldier

LS- Soldiers Run Through Smoke

MS- Armored Vehicles Cover Fort Hood Terrain

LS- Two Small Bridging Barges Work River Crossing Operation

#### SEQUENCE 26

#### **RANGES**

ES- Weapons Firing on Range

CU- Red Range Flag

CU- Individual Soldier Fires M-16

CU- Soviet Target Pops Up

LS- Soldiers Climb Wall at Mout Training

MS-Soldiers Help Each Other Get Over Wall

LS- Howitzer Firing

CU- Round Hitting Target

CU- Office Looking Through Binoculars

#### SEQUENCE 27

#### RESERVE COMPONENT UNITS

LS-PAN- Reserve Helicopter Sequence

LS- Helicopters Take Off

MS- Soldiers with Camo Run Across Open

CU- Soldier Talks on Radio

Graphic-Capstone

Bar Graph- CSS & CS Mobilization

CU- Soldiers Face

LS- Long Formation of Soldiers on Road March

MS- Soldiers on Road March

LS- Convoy of Equipment Trucks

MS- Truck Load Up

CU- Truck Tire

MS- Trucks Leave

MS- Soldier Crawls Down an Obstacle

LS- Soldiers Run Through an Obstacle

MS- Soldier Slides Down a Rope

CU- Soldier Assembling an M-60

MS- Soldier Assembling M-60

Graphic-Wartrain States

# SEQUENCE 28

#### **LEADERSHIP**

LS- SGT Yelling at Soldiers Doing Push Ups

CU-SGT Yelling at Soldiers

MS- SGT Directing Soldiers to Install Barbed Wire

CU- NCO Instructing Bayonet Training

- LS- Soldiers Performing Bayonet Training
- CU- NCO Talking on the Radio

### CLOSING

- CU- Soldier Jumps Over Wall
- CU- OTS- Driver of Bradley Moves Down Range
- MS- Soldiers Marching Toward the Low Angle Camera Position
- LS- Cannons Firing During Ceremony

**ENDING MONTAGE** 

# Script Modification

Upon completion of the fine cut of the picture I determined that changes in the narration were required. In some cases we needed to cut the narration all together. This was a welcome relief because I felt that there was too much narration to start with but had been unable to convince the client that some of the facts did not have to be articulated. Only when they saw the edited picture did they agree. To maintain the pacing it was further necessary to condense or restate additional lines of the narration.

#### Unit Patch Dissolves as Transitional Devices

A transition is needed to cue the viewer when the video moves from the description of one unit to the next. Otherwise they run together and it is not clear that what is occurring is an overview of the separate units.

The technique we developed was to use a dissolve of the unit's shoulder patch to begin each sequence. To create them we used velcro and a 1 inch thick piece of styrofoam to mount the patch to a marble piece of tile. The styrofoam lifted the patch away from the tile thus creating depth. Each patch was individually videotaped in the studio. We chose to begin the dissolve from black as the camera is zooming in on the patch, creating the illusion that the patch is moving toward the camera. Sound from the following shot is heard when the patch is alone on the screen, then the patch dissolves into the first picture of the sequence.

#### Sound Mix

The Narration was put on channel 1 during the on-line editing in 4B control. Most of the time the picture was placed on the tape first then the narration. But sometimes, depending upon the sequence, the priority had to be given to the narration with picture edited to it. Particularly when there was a list mentioned where a string a short quick pictures that must fit with a specific word or words.

The narrator's voice is very easy to work with, he has been a professional narrator for 30 years and was very skillful and deliberate in his tone and inflection. Very little coaching was needed, and then only because I was looking for a particular emphasis.

As mentioned earlier it was not always possible to get quality accompanying sound while taping some weapons and training. Therefore we had to build effects and ambience tracks for those shots or sequences. The effects tapes that we had made during production were used extensively.

The track designation for the sound mix is:

<u>Track</u>	<u>Designation</u>
1	Narration
2	Ambience
3	Music
4	Eq of narration and air traffic sequence
5	unused
6	mixed track

7 Guard track

8 Time code

The sound mix went well but we experienced a problem with time code drop-out on the master video tape. This meant that we had to fix it before we could do the lay back. We also had too hot roll the edited music (which was on 1/4 " tape) and this proven to be time consuming because the lyrics had to match the picture.

# **Ending Montage**

The intent of the closing montage is to leave the viewer with a good feeling about Fort Hood: particularly the professionalism and dedication of the soldiers assigned to the Third Corps.

I chose a patriotic song by Lee Greenwood, called "God Bless the U.S.A." and matched picture with specific words to enhance the meaning and have greater impact. The script for the ending montage follows:

<u>VIDEO</u> <u>AUDIO</u>

"God Bless the U.S.A." by Lee Green wood

Program narration ends

and cows in the background

DISSOLVE: IF TOMORROW ALL THE

THINGS
CU-Texas bluebonnets GONE

DISSOLVE: I'D WORKED FOR ALL MY LIFE

LS-bluebonnets in

DISSOLVE:

LS-Texas state capitol

AND I HAD TO START AGAIN

DISSOLVE:

MS-soldier on the playground with

his family

WITH JUST MY CHILDREN

AND MY WIFE

DISSOLVE:

CU- Stars on the American flag

I'D THANK MY LUCKY STARS

BE LIVIN' HERE TODAY

DISSOLVE: LS-American flag

STANDS

'CAUSE THE FLAG STILL

FOR FREEDOM

DISSOLVE:

MS-Little girl waving flag

AND THEY CAN'T TAKE THAT

**AWAY** 

DISSOLVE:

MS-Soldiers marching in

column formation

AND I'M PROUD TO BE AN

**AMERICAN** 

DISSOLVE:

MS-Competitors racing

WHERE AT LEAST I KNOW I'M

FREE

DISSOLVE:

MS-Cavalry horse charge

AND I WON'T FORGET THE

MEN WHO DIED

DISSOLVE:

LS-Medics carrying soldier on

stretcher

WHO GAVE THAT RIGHT TO ME

DISSOLVE:

LS-Camouflaged soldier running

AND I'D GLADLY STAND UP

NEXT TO YOU

DISSOLVE:

TODAY

LS-Apache in the sunset

AND DEFEND HER STILL

DISSOLVE:

DOUBT

'CAUSE THERE AIN'T NO

LS-horse standing by a windmill

I LOVE THIS LAND

DISSOLVE:

LS-soldiers sitting on APC at

sunrise

GOD BLESS THE.U.S.A!

DISSOLVE: LS-fireworks

DISSOLVE:

FADE TO BLACK

LS-fireworks

# SUMMARY AND EVALUATION

#### CLIENT EVALUATION

The video tape presentation has been a great success and the clients are exceedingly pleased. The commanding general feels it produces a desired reponse in its intended audience and he has begun to use it as part of his program when he is a guest speaker. The public affairs office is showing it on a routine basis to their visitors on a large screen video projector.

#### AUDIENCE RECEPTION

"Fort Hood: Home of the Third Corps" has found a much wider audience than I anticipated, and the audience response has been very favorable. The public affairs office has received numerous requests for copies of the video and another Army post is using it as a model for their video production.

#### PRODUCER'S EVALUATION

For me, the greatest windfall of the production has been its value in providing me with the unique opportunity to apply my newly acquired knowledge to my profession as a public affairs officer in the United States Army. I feel confident that through the application of what I have learned I will be able to professionally produce any film or video that the Army may require.

#### SUMMARY

The success of my video thesis production is in a large part due to the guidance I received over the past two years from my many mentors in the R-T-F Department. I would also be remiss if I did not mention the tremendous skill of my crew, both organizational and creative. Clearly, their contribution has made the difference.

Obviously, a sponsored production is influenced strongly by the client. But one of the challenges that a corporate producer / director must face is the selling of a creative production to a client who does not understand the medium. Very often there are political, institutional, or personal interests that must be considered in the design of the project. Particularly when dealing with a conservative organization such as the Army, you must consider the framework in which your production will be used.

But once I established my clients trust, they expressed faith in my ability and that of my crew. They made recommendations and occasionally reviewed my work, and with the exception of maintaining military accuracy, they made no stipulations regarding the content of the video.

I strongly believe that I am ready to go out on my own and apply what I have learned. I am excited about the challenges the await me and am confident that I have been adequately prepared to meet them.

# APPENDICES

# FINAL SCRIPT

**VIDEO** 

FADE FROM BLACK

FADE IN: MONTAGE exciting fast paced montage of tanks, soldiers, aircraft and soldiers on the move.

LS- TANK SPLASHES THROUGH THE WATER

MS- APACHE FLY OVER Helicopter passes directly over head

CU-- DRAGON FIRES
A soldier fires the weapon from his shoulder

MS- DRAGON HITS TARGET

CU- SOLDIER'S FACE A soldier with his face painted with camoflauge

LS- HOWITZER FIRING
The white flash of the weapon firing is seen as the weapon is enveloped in smoke

MS- SOLDIER JUMPING

MS- SOLDIERS JUMP FROM HELICOPTER
Two soldiers jump from the aircraft into the water

**AUDIO** 

FADE IN: SFX (tank)

FADE IN: MUSIC Quick tempo, "Eye of the Tiger" **VIDEO** 

**AUDIO** 

LS- RIVER RAFTS Soldiers paddle a raft toward the shore

CU- RIVER RAFTS Soldiers hit the shore

CU- VULAN WEAPON FIRES
The weapon rotates as it is fired

MS- SOLDIERS CRAWL UNDER WIRE a column of soldiers struggle through a wire maze

MS- SOLDIER VAULTING Soldier successfully clears an obstacle

CU- M-1 BARREL Tank passes closely, with the barrel turning rapidly

LS- TRAINING EXPLOSION
A soldier, running through an obstacle course, jumps as a training grenade hits the ground beside him

FADE TO BLACK

FADE OUT: MUSIC

**AUDIO** 

FADE IN: "FLIP TITLE"
Digital effect, state of Texas rotating

and becoming
Headquarters building with American

FT HOOD IS THE LARGEST

ARMORED POST IN THE FREE

WORLD AND HOME FOR THE

THIRD CORPS. THE CORPS,

WITH IT'S 39,000 SOLDIERS AND

**NEARLY ONE BILLION** 

DOLLARS WORTH OF TACTICAL

VEHICLES WHIELDS AWSOME

POWER.

CORPS UNIT HISTORY

ES-LS-SOLDIERS MARCHING IN

**FORMATION** 

THE PROUD HERITAGE OF THE

THIRD CORPS BEGAN IN THE

TRENCHES OF FRANCE AND HAS

LS- BATTLEFIELD EXPLOSIONS

CONTINUED TO THE PRESENT.

LS- TANK W MEN MARCHING

SIX BATTLE STREAMERS WERE

ADDED DURING WORLD WAR I

AND IN WORLD WAR II CORPS

FORCES CAPTURED THE

LS- TANK MOVING INTO FIRE

FIGHT

BRIDGE AT REMAGEN AND

HELPED CRUSH THE GERMAN

LS- TANKS ON ROAD IN SNOW

COUNTEROFFENSIVE AT THE

#### **AUDIO**

CU- TANK IN SNOW

LS- MORTAR ON HILL IN KOREA

CU- GUN FIRING

MS- HOWITZER

LS- AERIAL "RIVER BLAZING"

LS- RICE PATTIE DISSOLVE

MS- SOLDIERS IN RICE PATTIE

POV- HELICOPTER FIRING

GENERAL JOHN BELL HOOD A painting of Gen Hood, after whom the post was named.

MS- TANK DESTROYER CENTER A sign taken at the front gate of Ft Hood when it was known as Tank Destroyer Center.

MS-3 SOLDIERS IN TANK

MS- TANK DESTROYER SIGN

BATTLE OF THE BULGE. SOME
OF THE UNITS NOW ASSIGNED
TO THIRD CORPS FOUGHT HARD
IN KOREA AND BLAZED NEW
PATHS IN VIETNAM WITH UNITS
LIKE THE FIRST CAVALRY
DIVISION INTRODUCING THE
CONCEPT OF AIR MOBILE WARFARE.

THE FAMOUS CONFEDERATE
GENERAL JOHN BELL HOOD,
AND DATES BACK TO 1941 WHEN
IT WAS SELECTED AS THE HOME
FOR THE ARMY'S TANK
DESTROYER CENTER.

AS FT HOOD GREW IN THE EARLY 40S, TRAINING CENTERED ON THE TANK DESTROYER UNITS AND

**AUDIO** 

MS- SOLDIER AT FIELD SIGHT

CU- INDIVIDUAL W RIFLE

INDIVIDUAL REPLACEMENTS
FOR WORLD WAR II.

LS- AERIAL

MS- TANK W SOLDIER IN FORE-GROUND CONSTRUCTION OF WHAT WAS
THEN CALLED CAMP HOOD WAS
COMPLETED IN 1942 AND
REDESIGNATED, FT HOOD, A
PERMANENT INSTALLATION IN
1950.

LS- TANK FIRING -

LS- HITTING TARGET

LS- AERIAL PHOTO OF HOOD Ft Hood as it existed in the 40's. There are rows of wooden buildings and large formations of soldiers. THIRD CORPS WAS

DEACTIVATED IN 1959 BUT IN

1961, HEADQUARTERS THIRD

CORPS WAS REACTIVATED IN

RESPONSE TO THE BERLIN

CRISIS.

#### **AUDIO**

LS-AERIAL OF FT HOOD MAN-UEVER AREA Training area showing the tank tracks. (Cow House Creek) OVER THE YEARS FT HOOD HAS
EXPANDED TO IT'S PRESENT
SIZE OF 214 THOUSAND ACRES.
EXCLUDING THE LIVE FIRE
AREA, ABOUT 153,000 ACRES
ARE AVAILABLE FOR MANUEVER
TRAINING.

LS- AERIAL OF FT HOOD Shot showing facilities

GRAPHIC-POST BOUNDARIES Colorful graphic map showing the size and scope of the entire installation

GRAPHIC- POST LOCATION Graphic depiction of the state of Texas and it's location between Dallas and San Antonio.

LS- AERIAL OF 2AD TOWER AND FACILITIES

THE POST IS 42 MILES LONG
FROM NORTH TO SOUTH AND 26
MILES LONG FROM EAST TO
WEST. 340 SQUARE MILES IN
ALL, FT HOOD IS LOCATED HALFWAY BETWEEN DALLAS AND
SAN ANTONIO, JUST WEST OF
THE CITY OF KILLEEN.

THE LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS

ARE VALUED AT MORE THAN 840

MILLION DOLLARS.

**AUDIO** 

GRAPHIC MAP-Showing location of HQ FORSCOM in Atlanta

THIRD CORPS HIGHER
HEADQUARTERS, FORCES
COMMAND IN ATLANTA,
GEORGIA IS 900 MILES AWAY.

GRAPHIC MAP-Map showing the location of Ft Hood, to include the deep water port at Galveston and the III corps units in El Paso and Colorado Springs. OUR SPHERE OF RESPONSIBILITY REACHES FAR BEYOND OUR
GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES TO
INCLUDE THE 3RD ARMORED
CAVALRY REGIMENT AT EL PASO,
THE 4TH INFANTRY DIVISION AT
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO
AND OUR DEEP WATER PORT AT
GALVESTON.

MS- TANK
Tank stops with freeze frame

FUNDAMENTAL MISSION AND THIS

MEANS BEING PREPARED FOR

SUSTAINED COMBAT.

READINESS REMAINS OUR

GRAPHIC- OBJECTIVES Ft Hood and III Corps goals and objectives

**AUDIO** 

LS- UNIT DEPLOYMENT Aircraft takes off

LS- SOLDIERS MANEUVER Soldiers cross road

GRAPHIC- DEPLOYMENT World map showing areas of possible strategic deployment.

GRAPHIC- UNIT PATCHES
The III Corps patch surrounded by patches of subordinate units.

DISSOLVE TO BLACK

DISSOLVE TO IST CAVALRY DIVISION PATCH

MS- M-1 ABRAMS TANK- A M1 is in a well protected firing position, as the tank commander shouts the commands the driver moves and fires. The tank rocks from the powerful with the blast.

MS-TANK FIRES

THIRD CORPS UNITS TRAIN TO FIGHT, DEPLOY, AND WIN. THEY STAND READY TO REINFORCE THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL REGION OR PROVIDE FORCES FOR STRATEGIC DEPLOYMENT ANYWHERE.

FORT HOOD IS THE HOME FOR TWO DIVISIONS, 6 SEPARATE BRIGADES AND HOST FOR A NUMBER OF TENANT ACTIVITIES.

THE 1ST CAVALRY DIVISION IS A FULLY MODERNIZED ARMORED DIVISION CONSISTING OF TWO ACTIVE ARMOR BRIGADES AND ONE RESERVE COMPONENT ARMOR BRIGADE.

AUDIO

MS- STINGER FIRING- Seq of soldier preparing and firing the stinger

THE MISSISSIPPI NATIONAL
GUARD'S 155TH ARMORED BRIGADE.

LS- SOLDIER CRAWLS THROUGH WIRE Soldier struggles through wire obstacle THE DIVISION IS KNOWN AS "THE FIRST TEAM" AND TAKES PRIDE IN IT'S MENTALLY AND PHYSICALLY DEMANDING TRAINING PROGRAM. THE DIVISION HAS HAD

MS- SOLDIERS CLAP HANDS TOGETHER Motivated soldiers express pride in completing obstacle course.

EXCELLENT AND DIVERSE
TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FROM
THE NATIONAL TRAINING CENTER
AT FORT IRWIN, CALIFORNIA, AND
FROM FORT DRUM, NEW YORK,
TO EUROPE ON REFORGER

FT IRWIN, NTC- Some training shot from Ft Irwin that depicts it's unique terrain

FADE IN: SFX
Tank manuevering

EXERCISES.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 2ND ARMOR DIVI-

SION PATCH

#### **AUDIO**

**DISSOLVE TO:** 

ES- M1 TANK
Manuevers over rough terrain

MS- POV from tank on the move

MS- TANK IN POSITION Tank moves into position (enters frame)

INT. CU- GUNNER Gunner loads round

MS- TANK FIRES.

LS- TARGET
Round impacts with target

LS- BRADLEY ON THE MOVE

MS- APACHE FLYING

LS- MLRS ON THE MOVE MLRS disappears in the trees

LS- MLRS FIRES Flash is seen as weapon fires

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

THE 2ND ARMORED DIVISION IS ALSO A FULLY MODERNIZED HEAVY DIVISION. ONE BRIGADE DEPLOYED TO GERMANY IN JANUARY OF 1979, LEAVING 2 BRIGADES OF ARMOR AND MECHANIZED INFANTRY AT FORT HOOD. ALL THE 2AD TANK BATTALIONS HAVE THE M-1 TANK. THE BRADLEY INFANTRY FIGHTING VEHICLE AND THE APACHE ATTACK HELICOPTER ARE ALSO ON BOARD, AS WELL AS THE MULTIPLE-LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM. THESE NEW WEAPONS COUPLED WITH INTENSIVE TRAINING, GIVE THE 'HELL-ON-WHEELS' DIVISION COMBAT POWER SECOND TO NONE.

DISSOLVE TO: 6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: MS- APACHES IN FLIGHT FORMATION

Skillfully manuevering through the

sky

LS- APACHE FORMATION FLIES

**OVER LAKE** 

MS- APACHE FIRING

CU- APACHE FIRING

CU-SCREEN

Weapons monitor screen

LS- OH58 FLIES BY

MS- CH 47

Helicopter performing pick up of

heavy equipment.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: ATB PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: APACHES

In rows on the flight line

LS- APACHE FIRING SEQ

**AUDIO** 

FADE IN: HELICOPTER SFX

THE 6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE (AIR

COMBAT) WITH ITS ATTACK

HELICOPTER SQUADRONS

PROVIDES A MOBILE AND LETHAL

FORCE TO DESTROY TANKS AND

OTHER ARMORED VEHICLES.

THEY SCOUT WITH THEIR OH-58

AIRCRAFT AND ATTACK WITH THE

APACHE HELICOPTER.THEIR

**SUPPORT SQUADRON HAS 16** 

CH-47'STO PROVIDE MEDIUM LIFT.

FORT HOOD IS ALSO THE HOME
OF THE APACHE TRAINING
BRIGADE WHICH IS RESPONSIBLE
FOR THE INITIAL TRAINING OF ALL

AH-64 ADVANCED ATTACK

LS- APACHE FIRES AND HITS TARGET

MS -INSTRUCTOR WITH PILOT

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 13TH COSCOM PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: MAINTENANCE Soldiers perform maintenance

MS- REFUELING Soldiers refueliing

CU- FOOD PREPARATION

LS- VEHICLE LOADING

MS- PERSONNEL ADMINISTRA-TION

LS- CONSTRUCTION

AUDIO

HELICOPTER BATTALIONS.
THIS INCLUDES UNITS FROM

OTHER POSTS IN THE UNITED

STATES AND UNITS TO BE

DEPLOYED TO EUROPE.

THE 13TH CORPS SUPPORT COM-

MAND IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE

NEEDS OF THE ARMY'S MOST

VALUABLE ASSET-THE SOLDIER.

THEY CAN FEED, FIX, REPLACE,

BUILD, ADMINISTER, TRANSPORT

AND CARE FOR A 5 DIVISION

CORPS IF REQUIRED. TO

ACCOMPLISH IT'S WARTIME MIS-

SION. THE 13TH COSCOM IS

ROUNDED OUT BY THE 43RD

SUPPORT GROUP AT FORT

CARSON, COLORADO; A

TRANSPORTATION BRIGADE, A

MEDICAL BRIGADE AND THREE

SUPPORT GROUPS FROM THE

V	I	D	F	$\bigcirc$

**AUDIO** 

RESERVES AND NATIONAL GUARD.

THE 3RD SIGNAL BRIGADE

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 3RD SIGNAL PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: ANTENNAS Antennas protrude into the sky from a field site

MS- SOLDIER RAISING ANTENNA

CU- RADIO/TELEPHONE OPERA-TION SEQ

DIISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 89TH MILITARY POLICE BRIGADE PATCH

MS- MP PROVIDES CONVOY CONTROL

LS- MP ADMINISTERING TICKET MP writing ticket to civilian

MS- MP AT SCHOOL CROSSING CU-CHILDREN AT CROSSWALK

PROVIDES

COMMUNICTION-ELECTRONIC

PLANNING AND SUPPORT FOR

THE THIRD CORPS WITH ITS

THREE SIGNAL BATTALIONS.

SUPPORTING THE 3RD SIGNAL

SUPPORTING THE 3RD SIGNAL BRIGADE ARE TWO NATIONAL GUARD UNITS, THE 212TH SIGNAL BN FROM ARKANSAS AND THE 711TH FROM ALABAMA.

THE 89TH MILITARY POLICE
BRIGADE HAS ONE COMBAT
SUPPORT MILITARY POLICE
BATTALION, AND A LAW
ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY.
PRIMARY SUPPORT IS TO THE
INSTALLATION DISCIPLINE, LAW

AND ORDER MISSION AND

**AUDIO** 

LS- MPS MOUNTED ON HUMV MPs firing weapons from vehicles

CU- PRISONER Prisoner surrenders

CU- SEARCH PROCEDURES POW is searched

MS- POW is finger printed

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 504TH PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: ES- JAMMING EQUIPMENT
Set up of intelligence vehicle

**CU- HAND CRANK** 

LS- SGT SETTING UP EQUIP-Set up and operation of jamming equip

LS- RU21 AIRCRAFT PREPARES FOR TAKE OFF

LS- SOLDIER USING AIMING MIRROR

**CU- AIMING MIRROR** 

III CORPS WORLDWIDE

CONTINGENCY MISSIONS. THE

BRIGADE'S WARTIME FORCE

STRUCTURE INCLUDES TWO

ACTIVE AND TWO RESERVE

COMPONENT MILITARY POLICE

BATTALIONS, WITH SUBORDINATE

UNITS LOCATED IN TEXAS AND

SIX OTHER STATES.

THE 504TH MILITARY
INTELLIGENCE BRIGADE WITH ITS
3 M. I. BATTALIONS AND
HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
PROVIDES INTELLIGENCE
COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND
ELECTRONIC WARFARE SUPPORT
TO THIRD CORPS. THE 504TH IS
ROUNDED OUT BY A RESERVE
COMPONENT UNIT, THE 301ST
TACTICAL EXPOITATION MILITARY

**AUDIO** 

ES- MOHAWK

INTELLIGENCE BATTALION;

CU- SOLDIER DOES PRE-FLIGHT Female secialist prepares plane

AND BY COMPANY G,

MS- PILOT GETS IN

LS- MOHAWK TAKES OFF

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 31ST ADA PATCH

DISSOLVE TO:

ES-WEAPONS IN

CAMOFLAUGED POSITIONS

CU- TURNING ANTENNA

Drone tracking

MS- HAWK FIRES

LS- ROUND HITS DRONE

MS- SOLDIERS IN HAWK

Drive down the range

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: MEDDAC PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: MS- AMBULANCE

Patient is removed from helicopter

and placed in ambulance

EXT. OF DARNALL HOSPITAL

THE 31ST AIR DEFENSE

ARTILLERY (ADA) BRIGADE

PROVIDES LOW TO MEDIUM

ALTITUDE AIR DEFENSE

COVERAGE FOR THE THIRD

CORPS WITH IT'S HAWK AND

CHAPARRAL BATTALIONS. THE

CHAPARRALS OF THE 1ST

BATTALION, 200TH ADA OF THE

NEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD

PROVIDE ROUNDOUT STRENGTH

IN WARTIME.

MEDICAL HEALTH CARE FOR THE

FORT HOOD COMMUNITY IS

PROVIDED BY DARNALL ARMY

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# **AUDIO**

MS- PATIENT GOING THROUGH	COMMUNITY HOSPITAL,		
XRAY	ONE OF THE BEST EQUIPPED AND		
	MOST MODERN MEDICAL		
MS- DOCTOR EXAMINING CHILD	FACILITIES IN CENTRAL TEXAS.		
MS- DOCTOR EXAMINING CHIED	THIS BUSY 254 BED HOSPITAL		
	SUPPORTS AN AREA OF 177 TEXAS		
LS- SURGICAL PROCEDURES	COUNTIES. EACH MONTH MORE		
	THAN 450 MAJOR SURGICAL		
CU- BABY IN NURSERY	PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED		
-	AND APPROXIMATELY 60-		
	THOUSAND OUTPATIENTS ARE		
	SEEN. AN AVERAGE OF 7 BABIES		
DISSOLVE TO: BLACK	ARE BORN DAILY AT DARNALL.		
DISSOLVE TO: DENTAC PATCH	OUR DENTAL ACTIVITY OPERATES		
DISSOLVE TO: ES- DENTAL			
CLINIC	SIX CLINICS THROUGHOUT FORT		
	HOOD, PROVIDING A FULL RANGE		

LS-PATIENT

EXT. DENTAL CLINIC

Patient getting shot and having care

administered

MS- XRAY

Soldier receives panographic xray

OF DENTAL HEALTH CARE

SERVICES. IN SUPPORT OF OUR

READINESS MISSION, THE

DENTAL ACTIVITY HAS

DEVELOPED COMPREHENSIVE

**AUDIO** 

CU- XRAY

PROGRAMS WHICH OFFER

MS- SOLDIER GETTING DENTAL

COMMANDERS INSTANTANEOUS

CHECK

ACCESS TO THEIR UNITS'

PANOGRAPHIC AND DENTAL

READINESS STATUS, INFORMING

THE COMMANDER AS TO THE

LIKELIHOOD OF LOST MAN-

POWER DUE TO DENTAL CASUAL-

TIES.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: TEXCOM PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: PAN OF TEXCOM

**FLAGS** 

Each unit's flag is represented

ONE OF FORT HOOD'S MAJOR

**TENANT UNITS IS** 

EXT.LS- TEXCOM BUILDING

HQ buildiing with ceremony in front

HEADQUARTERS, TEST AND

EXPERIMENTATION COMMAND,

TEXCOM, LOCATED AT WEST

LS- BRADLEY FIRING AND MOV-

ING

FORT HOOD. THIRD CORPS

SUPPORTS TEXCOM IN TESTING

LS- APACHE

IS-M1 FIRING

NEW TACTICAL CONCEPTS,

MS- BRADLEY HALTS

EQUIPMENT, AND

ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES.

OUL LE MUTUL DIMOCUL A DO

CU- LT WITH BINOCULARS

FORT HOOD IS NO STRANGER TO

MS- M1 TANK

VIDEO	AUDIO
CU- BLINKING LIGHT MS- M1 TARGET	TEST MISSIONS. WE'RE IN THE FOREFRONT OF MODERNIZATION
LS- M1 TANK LS- M-3 CAVALRY FIGHTING VEHICLE	OF THE U.S. ARMY. A MAJORITY OF NEW EQUIPMENT ITEMS HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED TO THE FIELD AT FORT HOOD TO INCLUDE THE
LS- ARMORED VEHICLES MOVE ACROSS OPEN FIELD	M-1 ABRAMS TANK, THE M-2 BRADLEY INFANTRY FIGHTING
LS- COLUMN OF APACHES SIHLOUETTED AGAINST THE SKY DISSOLVE TO BLACK	VEHICLE, THE M-3 CAVALRY FIGHTING VEHICLE, AND THE APACHE AH-64 ATTACK HELICOPTER.
DISSOLVE TO: MS- SOLDIER GETTING IN MSE VEHICLE  CU- SOLDIER OPERATING MSE Soldier in truck using equipment  CU- KEY BOARD  LS- SOLDIER USING KEY BOARD	FORT HOOD NOW HAS THE LEAD IN FIELDING THE ARMY'S NEW STATE-OF-THE-ART DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM, MOBILE SUBSCRIBER EQUIPMENT. THE MSE PROGRAM WILL REPLACE ALMOST 90 PERCENT OF THE CURRENT

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## AUDIO

# LS- ANTENNA

COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT IN THIRD CORPS.

LS- AERIAL OF MOTORPOOL ROW Rows of equipment and vehicles

GRAPHIC- INVENTORY OF EQUIP

MS- SOLDIER UNROLLS FUEL HOSE

CU-FUELING AIRCRAFT

CU- RED LETTERS ON FUEL GAUGE

MS- HELICOPTER BLADES

CU- "THUMBS UP" Hand signal from pilot

MS- AIRCRAFT LEAVES

MS- Maintenance shot- Soldiers replacing engin

THE VARIETY OF EQUIPMENT FOUND ON FORT HOOD REPRE-SENTS JUST ABOUT EVERY PIECE OF EQUIPMENT IN THE ARMY IN-VENTORY. THE AIRCRAFT, WHEELED, AND TRACKED VE-HICLES TOTAL MORE THAN 10-THOUSAND ITEMS AND HAVE A VALUE OF MORE THAN FOUR BIL-LION DOLLARS. TO KEEP OUR EQUIPMENT RUNNING EACH YEAR TAKES MORE THAN 17 MILLION GALLONS OF FUEL AT A COST OF MORE THAN 11 MILLION DOLLARS.

THIS LARGE AMOUNT OF EQUIP-MENT REFLECTS THE SIZE OF OUR MAINTENANCE EFFORTS.

VIDEO	AUDIO
FADE IN: Large formation running PT	FORTHOOD FACILITIES SUPPORT ALMOST 200-THOUSAND
GRAPHIC- Population statistics	MILITARY, CIVILIAN AND RETIRED PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES.
MS- Soldier reporting for pay	THE PAYROLL GENERATED EACH MONTH TO PAY OUR SOLDIERS
GRAPHIC- Payroll statistics	AVERAGES 60-MILLION DOLLARS AND 8-MILLION FOR OUR CIVILIAN WORKFORCE, THAT'S MORE THAN 800-MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR.
ES- LS- PX exterior w bus in front	600-MILLION DOLLARS A TEAR.
MS- PX interior w woman shopping in toddler section	FORT HOOD FACILITIES INCLUDE THE LARGEST POST EXCHANGE
LS- Aisle in commissary	IN THE UNITED STATES, AND THE
MS- Soldier selecting fruit	COMMISSARY IS THE LARGEST,
AERIAL- PAN OF COMMISSARY AND PX COMPLEX	WITH MONTHLY SALES OVER 5 MILLION DOLLARS. MORE THAN 100,000 CUSTOMERS ARE SERVED IN EACH FACILITY

MONTHLY.

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#### **AUDIO**

**CU-THEATER MARQUIS** 

IS- EXT. THEATER

LS- INT. LIVE PERFORMANCE

LS- EXT. CHAPEL

LS- CHAPLAIN IN FIELD

CU- CHAPLAIN IN FIELD

LS- FAMILY LIFE CENTER

MS- INT. CLASSROOM

FORT HOOD HAS TWO THEATERS
CAPABLE OF PRESENTING

MOTION PICTURES AS WELL AS

LIVE PRODUCTIONS. WE HAVE 17

CHAPELS WITH A FULL RANGE OF

WORSHIP SERVICES AND

ACTIVITIES AVAILABLE TO ALL

SOLDIERS AND FAMILIES.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS INCLUDE

THE MARRIAGE AND FAMILY LIFE

CENTER AND ACTIVE RELIGIOUS

EDUCATION CLASSES FOR ALL

AGES.

.ES- LITTLE BOYS PLAY SOCCER

LS-EXTERIOR OF ENLISTED

HOUSES

LS-EXTERIOR OF OFFICER HOUSES

THERE ARE MORE THAN 5,500

SETS OF FAMILY QUARTERS ON

POST IN 12 DIFFERENT

HOUSING AREAS. WE HAVE

APPROXIMATELY 4,600 FOR EEN

ENLISTED AND 900 FOR

OFFICERS. ADDITIONALLY, 469

VIDEO	AUDIO		
ES- Poxon House  MS- Children on slide	ROOMS PROVIDE TEMPORARY LODGING FOR TRANSIENT PER- SONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES INCLUDING THE 75 ROOM POXON HOUSE.		
ES- LS- EXERCISE ROOM	THE ADDAMO DUVOION STREET		
ES- LS- EXENCISE NOOM	THE ABRAMS PHYSICAL FITNESS		
CU-Feet walking	CENTER, ONE OF THE 9 PHYSICAL		
MS- Man on bike	FITNESS CENTERS ON POST, IS		
CU- Feet pedalling	AN INDOOR ATHLETIC FACILITY WHICH INCLUDES BASKETBALL,		
MS- Basketball	RAQUETBALL, AND SQUASH		
MS- Raquetball	COURTS, AS WELL AS AN INDOOR		
CU- Little girl in pool	SWIMMING POOL AND SEVERAL		
CU- Weights CU- Man lifting weights	EXERCISE ROOMS.		
	FORT HOOD HAS MANY		
LS- Soldier napping	FACILITIES FOR SOLDIER		
	RELAXATION. THE SKILLS		
MS- Woman making pottery	DEVELOPMENT CENTER		

PROVIDES OUR SOLDIERS MANY

RECREATION SERVICES.

MS- Two woman working on crafts

**AUDIO** 

AERIAL- ZOOM OUT of the soldiers dome

FS-LS Belton Lake

LS- Keith fishing

MS- Child coming down water slide

LS- "Cafe Court" in PX mall

CU- Soldier eating pizza

EXT. LS- Shoppette

MS- Baseball player hitting ball

MS- Barber cutting hair

FADE TO BLACK

FADE IN: AERIAL of Beaumont Aircraft load up

AERIAL of highway cloverleaf

LS-Ship

ES-Rail Road Yard

WS- Soldiers loading equipment

THE SOLDIERS DOME IS AN EN-LISTED CLUB THAT CAN SEAT 900, AND THE BELTON LAKE OUTDOOR RECREATION AREA HAS A WIDE VARIETY OF ACTIVITIES. IN ADDI-TION THERE ARE 22 SNACK BARS, 22 RETAIL STORES, 27 BASEBALL FIELDS. AND 14 BARBER SHOPS.

UNITS DEPLOYING OVERSEAS
FROM FORT HOOD WOULD DO SO
BY SEA OR AIR. HIGHWAY 190 IS A
FOUR-LANE ROUTE THAT
CONNECTS WITH THE
INTERSTATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM
PROVIDING ACCESS TO ONE OF
OUR DEEP WATER PORTS AT
GALVESTON. RAIL LINES WITH
THE FORT HOOD RAIL LOADING
YARD WHERE FOUR TRAINS CAN

VIDEO	AUDIO
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
MS- Equipment loading on train	BE POSITIONED FOR
	SIMULTANEOUS LOADING.
	TO ACCOMMODATE FREQUENT
	OFF-POST DEPLOYMENT AND
ES- C-5 Galaxy being loaded	EXTENSIVE AVIATION TRAINING,
•	FORT HOOD OPERATES 2
MS- "Dust Off" helicopter turns and	AIRFIELDS. ROBERT GRAY ARMY
exits frame	AIRFIELD IS THE ONLY CORPS
	LEVEL PORT OF EMBARKATION
•	OPERATED BY THE ARMY, AND IS
LS- Soldiers board civilianaircraft	CAPABLE OF HANDLING
	COMMERCIAL WIDE-BODIED
MS- Soldiers on commercial lane	AIRCRAFT AND ALL UNITED

LS- C-5 Galaxy take off

exits frame

LS- U-21 on runway moves and

STATES AIR FORCE AIRCRAFT TO

INCLUDE THE C-5 GALAXY. GRAY

ARMY AIR FIELD IS LOCATED AT

WEST FORT HOOD AND HAS A

3,000 METER RUNWAY, AND

RAMP SPACE CAPABLE OF

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v	ì	U	=	┖

AUDIO

LS- U21 taxis for take off

PERSONNEL, CARGO AND

MS- Mohawk aircraft on runway

REFUELING OPERATIONS FOR

FIXED AND ROTARY WING

TRAFFIC.

CU- Propellor turning

LS- Mohawk leaves

AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL IS

PROVIDED BY CIVILIAN AND

ES- AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL

CENTER

MILITARY CONTROLLERS FOR ALL

AIRCRAFT IN A 15,000 SQUARE

MILE AREA. MORE THAN 250

THOUSAND AIRCRAFT ARE

MANAGED BY HOOD FLIGHT

FOLLOWING AND THE ARMY

RADAR APPROACH CONTROL

EACH YEAR. ONE OF FOUR

OPERATED BY THE ARMY, THE

ARAC PROVIDES CIVIL AND MILI-

TARY AIRCRAFT INSTRUMENT

FLIGHT HANDLING.

CU-Scope

MS- Controller at scope

CU- Weather screen

MS- Military controllers

CU- Control panel

CTS- Controller

CU- Hand writing information

ES. -HOOD ARMY AIRFIELD

ES- Aerial view

CU- Airfield tower

MS- CH47 helicopter hovering

LS- Apache aricraft on runway

#### **ES-TRAINING**

LS- Mortar Loading

CU- Round insertion

ES- War game room

LS- Soldiers around simulation table

**CU-Figurines** 

MS- Soldier moves figurines

MS- Tank rolls over soldier

# **AUDIO**

ON THE EAST SIDE OF THE POST,
HAS ONLY ROTARY WING
OPERATIONS AND IS HOME FOR
ALMOST 400 HELICOPTERS AND
THE ARMY'S FIELDING PROGRAM
OF THE AH-64 BY THE APACHE
TRAINING BRIGADE.

COMBAT READINESS IS OUR FUNDAMENTAL PURPOSE.

READINESS CAN ONLY BE ACHIEVED THROUGH REALISTIC AND VIGOROUS TRAINING. THAT'S WHY WE VIEW TRAINING AS THE CORNERSTONE FOR SUCCESS IN BATTLE. WE BELIEVE THAT ON THE DAY OF BATTLE, SOLDIERS AND UNITS WILL FIGHT AS WELL OR AS POORLY AS THEY WERE TRAINED BEFORE BATTLE.

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**AUDIO** 

LS- Soldiers run through smoke

PLACE TO TRAIN ARMORED AND

MS- Armored vehicles cover Fort

MECHANIZED FORCES. THE

Hood terrain

WEATHER IS FAVORABLE FOR

FORT HOOD IS AN EXCELLENT

YEAR-ROUND TRAINING AND THE

TERRAIN IS VARIED AND

TRAFFICABLE FOR ALL VEHICLES.

LS- Two small bridging barges work

PART OF THE RESERVATION'S

river crossing operation

EASTERN BOUNDARY IS FORMED

BY THE BELTON RESERVOIR AND

**CU-BOAT DRIVER** 

PROVIDES AN EXCELLENT AREA

MS-BOAT DOCKING

FOR RIVER CROSSING

OPERATIONS.

**ES-RANGES** 

WE HAVE A WIDE VARIETY OF

ES- Weapons firing on range

RANGE FACILITIES AVAILABLE: TO

CU- Red range flag

INCLUDE SOME OF THE

CU- Individual soldier fires

MOST MODERN COMPUTERIZED

RANGES AND THE LARGEST

M-16

**FACILITY IN CONUS FOR** 

TRAINING ON MILITARY

CU- Soviet target pops up

**AUDIO** 

LS- Soldiers climb wall at Mout training

OPERATIONS IN URBANIZED
TERRAIN OR MOUT. WE CAN FIRE
ALL WEAPONS THAT BELONG TO
AN ARMY DIVISION.

MS- SOLDIERS ASSISTING EACH OTHER
Four soldiers help get each other in the window

SOLDIERS RECEIVE THEIR TRAIN-ING AS INDIVIDUALS AND AS MEMBERS OF TEAMS.

LS- Howitzer firing

CU- Round hitting target

ES- RADIOMAN SIGNALS HELI-COPTERS TO TAKE OFF

A soldier makes and hand motion and approimately 10 aircraft take off.

**CU-CAPSTONE GRAPHIC** 

THIRD CORPS UNITS ARE IN-VOLVED IN YEAR-ROUND SUP-PORT TO RESERVE COMPONENT UNITS IN VARYING DEGREES. THE HIGHEST PRIORITY GOES TO THOSE WHICH ARE PART OF THE

**AUDIO** 

CU- MAP OF U.S. SHOWING CAPSTONE STATES

**CU- TANK DRIVER** 

LS- TANK CROSSING BRIDGE

CORPSWARTIMEORGANIZATION.
THESE UNITS FALL UNDER A PROGRAM CALLED CAPSTONE IN WHICH THE CORPS ASSIGNS THEM WARTIME MISSIONS AND TRAINING TASKS. OUR CAPSTONE UNITS TOTAL MORE THAN 400 AND COME FROM A CROSS THE UNITED STATES.

CU-BAR GRAPH SHOWING UNITS TO BE MOBILIZED

ES- RESERVISTS IN ROAD MARCH

ABOUT 30,000 ARMY NATIONAL GUARDSMEN AND RESERVISTS FROM THESE UNITS TRAIN AT FORT HOOD ANNUALLY, THE MAJORITY OF THEM AT NORTH FORTHOOD. THEY EITHER BRING THEIR EQUIPMENT WITH THEM, OR

1 3

#### **AUDIO**

SEQUENCE OF RESERVE
FORCES LOADING EQUIPMENT

DRAWITFROMTHEMOBILIZATION
AND TRAINING EQUIPMENT SITE
AT NORTH FORT HOOD, WHICH IS
OPERATED BY THE TEXAS ARMY
NATIONAL GUARD.

TRUCKS OFF LOADING

SLIDE- SHOWING WARTRAIN MISSION

MS- SOLDIER CRAWLS DOWN A ROPE OBSTACLE

MS- GROUP OF SOLDIERS RUN THROUGH OBSTACLE

LS- SOLDIER SLIDES DOWN A

CU- SOLDIER LEARNING TO DISASSEMBLE THE M60 MA-CHINE GUN

LS- SOLDIER DISSASSEMBLING AN M60 MACHINEGUN THIRD CORPS TRAINING

RESPONSIBILITIES FURTHER

**INCLUDE ASSISTING THE** 

OVERSEAS DEPLOYED CORPS BY

PROVIDING VARIOUS FORMS OF

TRAINING GUIDANCE AND

ASSISTANCE TO THEIR CAPSTONE

**ACTIVE AND RESERVE** 

COMPONENT UNITS STATIONED

HERE IN THE UNITED STATES.

THESE UNITS, ALONG WITH OUR

CAPSTONE UNITS, ARE INCLUDED

UNDER A NEW PROGRAM CALLED

WARTRAIN. THE HEADQUARTERS

**AUDIO** 

MAP OF THE U.S. SHOWING WARTRAIN STATES

OF OUR WARTRAIN UNITS STRETCHFROMCOASTTOCOAST AND ARE COMPRISED PRIMARILY OF ARMORED AND MECHANIZED FORCES.

CU- WARTRAIN SLIDE

LS- SOLDIERS DOING PUSH UPS

MS- NCO SUPERVISING PUSH UPS

CU- SGT GIVING BAYONNET TRAINING

LS- BAYONNET TRAINING

LS-SOLDIERS TRAINING FOR COMBAT IN THE CITY

MS- SGT DIRECTING WIRE IN-STALLATION TO LEAD OUR SOLDIERS, WE PLACE A PREMIUM ON TRAINING OUR LEADERS. SINCE LEADERSHIP IS A CRUCIAL ELEMENT OF COMBAT POWER AND A KEY INGREDIENT IN UNIT COHESION, WE STRESS THE DEVELOPMENT OF LEADERS AT ALL LEVELS, AND PROVIDE THE TRAINING, TIME AND OPPORTUNITY FOR THAT DEVELOPMENT.

**AUDIO** 

MS- TANK ROLLS OVER SOLDIER Soldier lays down on ground as tank rolls over him

LS- SOLDIERS RUN THROUGH SMOKE Soldiers maneuver through smoke in simulated combat in cities

LS-SOLDIERS TRAINING FOR COMBAT IN THE CITY

MS- SOLDIER JUMPS OVER OBSTACLE

CU- OTS BRADLEY DRIVER

THE ARMY'S MANUAL FOR OPERATIONS STATES THAT SUPERIOR COMBAT POWER DERIVES FROM THE COURAGE OF SOLDIERS, THE EXCELLENCE OF THEIR TRAINING AND QUALITY OF THEIR LEADERSHIP. THROUGHOUT FORT HOOD YOU WILL SEE SOME OF THE BEST TRAINED SOLDIERS WHO ARE MOTIVATED AND FULLY CAPABLE OF CARRYING OUT THEIR DUTIES. WE TAKE GREAT PRIDE IN THEM AND FEEL THEY BEST TELL THE STORY OF FORT HOOD.

artined

**AUDIO** 

LS- CEREMONY
Cannons firing during a ceremony

SOLDIERS PROPERLY TRAINED AND CORRECTLY LED WILL PRODUCE. THE WINNING EDGE IN BATTLE.

ENDING MONTAGE- SLOW MO-TION Soldiers, training, military family, flags, Texas countryside, a helicopter hovering in the sun set, and 4th of July fireworks

FADE IN: MUSIC

# SHOOTING SCRIPT

FADE FROM BLACK

FADE IN MONTAGE exciting fast paced montage of tanks, soldiers, aircraft and soldiers on the move.

FADE TO BLACK

FADE IN: "FLIP TITLE"
Digital effect, state of Texas rotating and becoming
Headquarters building with American

UNIT HISTORICAL SEQUENCE Old photographs depicting the different eras, WWI, WWII, Korea and Vietnam. There are soldiers wearing period uniforms and with vintage equipment, weapons and vehicles. AUDIO

FADE IN: SFX (tank)

FADE IN: MUSIC Quick tempo, "Eye of the Tiger"

FADE OUT: MUSIC

ARMORED POST IN THE FREE
WORLD AND HOME FOR THE
THIRD CORPS. THE CORPS,
WITH IT'S 39,000 SOLDIERS AND
NEARLY ONE BILLION
DOLLARS WORTH OF TACTICAL
VEHICLES WHIELDS AWSOME
POWER.

THE PROUD HERITAGE OF THE THIRD CORPS BEGAN ON THE BLOODY BATTLEFIELDS OF GETTYSBURG AND CONTINUED THROUGH THE WARS THAT FOLLOWED.

**AUDIO** 

More historical shots continue of archival photos and film

ADDED DURING WORLD WAR I
AS CORPS FORCES CAPTURED
THE BRIDGE AT REMAGEN AND
HELPED CRUSH THE GERMAN
COUNTEROFFENSIVE AT THE
BATTLE OF THE BULGE. IN
VIETNAM THE POWERFUL
CORPS HELD SECTORS NEAR
SAIGON.

GENERAL JOHN BELL HOOD A painting of Gen Hood, after whom the post was named.

FORT HOOD WAS NAMED FOR
THE FAMOUS CONFEDERATE
GENERAL JOHN BELL HOOD,
AND DATES BACK TO 1941 WHEN
IT WAS SELECTED AS THE HOME
FOR THE ARMY'S TANK

MS- TANK DESTROYER CENTER A sign taken at the front gate of Ft Hood when it was known as Tank Destroyer Center.

AUDIO

DESTROYER CENTER.

LS- AERIAL PHOTO OF HOOD Ft Hood as it existed in the 40's. There are rows of wooden buildings and large formations of soldiers.

AS FT HOOD GREW IN THE

EARLY 40S, TRAINING

CENTERED ON THE TANK

DESTROYER UNITS AND

INDIVIDUAL REPLACEMENTS

FOR WORLD WAR II.

HISTORICAL SEQ- Training at Fort Hood over the years

CONSTRUCTION OF WHAT WAS

THEN CALLED CAMP HOOD WAS

COMPLETED IN 1942 AND

REDESIGNATED, FT HOOD, A.

PERMANENT INSTALLATION IN

1950.

ES- AERIALS Fort hood from the air, old installation shots

THIRD CORPS WAS

DEACTIVATED IN 1959 BUT IN

1961, HEADQUARTERS THIRD

CORPS WAS REACTIVATED IN

RESPONSE TO THE BERLIN

CRISIS.

#### **AUDIO**

LS-AERIAL OF FT HOOD MAN-UEVER AREA Training area showing the tank tracks. (Cow House Creek) OVER THE YEARS FT HOOD HAS
EXPANDED TO IT'S PRESENT
SIZE OF 214 THOUSAND ACRES.
EXCLUDING THE LIVE FIRE
AREA, ABOUT 153,000 ACRES
ARE AVAILABLE FOR MANUEVER
TRAINING.

LS- AERIAL OF FT HOOD Shot showing facilities

GRAPHIC-POST BOUNDARIES Colorful graphic map showing the size and scope of the entire installation THE POST IS 42 MILES LONG
FROM NORTH TO SOUTH AND 26
MILES LONG FROM EAST TO
WEST. 340 SQUARE MILES IN
ALL, FT HOOD IS LOCATED HALFWAY BETWEEN DALLAS AND
SAN ANTONIO, JUST WEST OF
THE CITY OF KILLEEN.

GRAPHIC- POST LOCATION Graphic depiction of the state of Texas and it's location between Dallas and San Antonio.

LS- AERIAL OF 2AD TOWER AND FACILITIES

THE LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS

ARE VALUED AT MORE THAN 840

MILLION DOLLARS.

**AUDIO** 

GRAPHIC MAP-Showing location of HQ FORSCOM in Atlanta THIRD CORPS HIGHER
HEADQUARTERS, FORCES
COMMAND IN ATLANTA,
GEORGIA IS 900 MILES AWAY.

GRAPHIC MAP-Map showing the location of Ft Hood, to include the deep water port at Galveston and the III corps units in El Paso and Colorado Springs. OUR SPHERE OF RESPONSIBILITY REACHES FAR BEYOND OUR GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES AND EXTENDS SOME 585 MILES WEST TO INCLUDE THE 3RD ARMORED CAVALRY REGIMENT AT EL PASO, 785 MILES NORTHEAST TO THE 4TH INFANTRY DIVISION AT COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO AND 200 MILES SOUTHEAST TO OUR DEEP WATER PORT AT GALVESTON.

GRAPHIC- OBJECTIVES
Ft Hood and III Corps goals and objectives

READINESS REMAINS OUR
FUNDAMENTAL MISSION AND THIS
MEANS BEING PREPARED FOR
SUSTAINED COMBAT.

**AUDIO** 

LS- UNIT DEPLOYMENT Soldiers loading onto aircraft for deployment & air drop THIRD CORPS UNITS TRAIN TO FIGHT, DEPLOY, AND WIN. THEY STAND READY TO REINFORCE THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL REGION OR PROVIDE FORCES FOR STRATEGIC DEPLOYMENT ANYWHERE.

GRAPHIC- DEPLOYMENT World map showing areas of possible strategic deployment.

GRAPHIC- UNIT PATCHES
The III Corps patch surrounded by patches of subordinate units.

DISSOLVE TO BLACK

DISSOLVE TO IST CAVALRY DIVISION PATCH

CAVALRY CHARGE- Approximately 25 of the 1st Cav ceremonial soldiers and their mule drawn covered wagon race the length of a grassy hilside with sabres waving and pistols firing.

M-1 ABRAMS TANK- A M1 is in a well protected firing position, as the tank commander shouts the commands the driver moves and fires.

FORT HOOD IS THE HOME FOR
TWO DIVISIONS, 6 SEPARATE
BRIGADES AND HOST FOR A
NUMBER OF TENANT
ACTIVITIES.

THE 1ST CAVALRY DIVISION IS A FULLY MODERNIZED ARMORED DIVISION CONSISTING OF TWO ACTIVE ARMOR BRIGADES AND ONE RESERVE COMPONENT ARMOR BRIGADE.

**AUDIO** 

The tank rocks from the powerful with the blast.

THE MISSISSIPPI NATIONAL GUARD'S 155TH ARMORED BRIGADE.

STINGER FIRING- Seq of soldier preparing and firing the stinger

THE DIVISION IS KNOWN AS "THE FIRST TEAM" AND TAKES PRIDE IN IT'S MENTALLY AND PHYSICALLY DEMANDING TRAINING PROGRAM.

FT IRWIN, NTC- Some training shot from Ft Irwin that depicts it's unique terrain

THE DIVISION HAS HAD

EXCELLENT AND DIVERSE

TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FROM
THE PLAINS OF NORTHERN
GERMANY, TO THE DESERT OF
THE NATIONAL TRAINING CENTER
AT FORT IRWIN, CALIFORNIA, AND
FROM FORT DRUM, NEW YORK,
TO EUROPE ON REFORGER

EXERCISES.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 2ND ARMOR DIVI-

SION PATCH

FADE IN: SFX

**DISSOLVE TO:** 

Tank manuevering

ES-M1 TANK

Manuevers over rough terrain

MS- POV from tank on the move

MS- TANK IN POSITION
Tank moves into position (enters frame)

INT. CU- GUNNER
Gunner loads round

MS- TANK FIRES

LS- TARGET
Round impacts with target

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE PATCH

**AUDIO** 

THE 2ND ARMORED DIVISION IS ALSO A FULLY MODERNIZED HEAVY DIVISION. ONE BRIGADE DEPLOYED TO GERMANY IN JANUARY OF 1979, LEAVING 2 BRIGADES OF ARMOR AND MECHANIZED INFANTRY AT FORT HOOD. ALL THE 2AD TANK BATTALIONS HAVE THE M-1 TANK. THE BRADLEY INFANTRY FIGHTING VEHICLE AND THE APACHE ATTACK HELICOPTER ARE ALSO ON BOARD, AS WELL AS THE MULTIPLE-LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM. THESE NEW WEAPONS COUPLED WITH INTENSIVE TRAINING, GIVE THE 'HELL-ON-WHEELS' DIVISION COMBAT POWER SECOND TO NONE.

FADE IN: HELICOPTER SFX

**VIDEO** 

**AUDIO** 

DISSOLVE TO: MS- APACHE IN

**FLIGHT** 

Skillfully manuevers through the sky

LS- Apache flying in formation with

OH-58 Scout

MS- CH 47

Helicopter performing pick up of

heavy equipment.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: ATB PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: APACHES

In rows on the flight line

LS- APACHE FIRING SEQ

Apache fires and hits target

MS - IINSTRUCTOR WITH PILOT

THE 6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE (AIR

COMBAT) WITH ITS ATTACK

HELICOPTER SQUADRONS

PROVIDES A MOBILE AND LETHAL

FORCE TO DESTROY TANKS AND

OTHER ARMORED VEHICLES.

THEY SCOUT WITH THEIR OH-58

AIRCRAFT AND ATTACK WITH THE

APACHE HELICOPTER.THEIR

**SUPPORT SQUADRON HAS 16** 

CH-47'S TO PROVIDE MEDIUM LIFT.

FORT HOOD IS ALSO THE HOME

OF THE APACHE TRAINING

BRIGADE WHICH IS RESPONSIBLE

FOR THE INITIAL TRAINING OF ALL

AH-64 ADVANCED ATTACK

HELICOPTER BATTALIONS.

**AUDIO** 

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: COSCOM PATCH

DIGGGEVE TO: GGGGGIWT ATOL

DISSOLVE TO: MAINTENABCE Soldiers perform maintenance

MS- REFUELING Soldiers refuelling

**CU-FOOD PREPARATION** 

LS- VEHICLE LOADING

MS- PERSONNEL ADMINISTRA-TION

LS- CONSTRUCTION

**DISSOLVE TO: BLACK** 

THIS INCLUDES UNITS FROM OTHER POSTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND UNITS TO BE DEPLOYED TO EUROPE.

THE 13TH CORPS SUPPORT COMMAND IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE
NEEDS OF THE ARMY'S MOST
VALUABLE ASSET-THE SOLDIER.
THEY CAN FEED, FIX, REPLACE,
BUILD, ADMINISTER, TRANSPORT
AND CARE FOR A 5 DIVISION
CORPS IF REQUIRED. TO
ACCOMPLISH IT'S WARTIME MISSION, THE 13TH COSCOM IS
ROUNDED OUT BY THE 43RD
SUPPORT GROUP AT FORT
CARSON, COLORADO; A
TRANSPORTATION BRIGADE, A

MEDICAL BRIGADE AND THREE SUPPORT GROUPS FROM THE RESERVES AND NATIONAL GUARD.

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**AUDIO** 

**DISSOLVE TO: 3RD SIGNAL** 

PATCH

**DISSOLVE TO: ANTENNAS** Antennas protrude into the sky from

a field site

MS- SOLDIER RAISING ANTENNA

CU- RADIO/TELEPHONE OPERA-TION SEQ

DIISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 89TH MILITARY POLICE BRIGADE PATCH

LS- MP ADMINISTERING TICKET MP writing ticket to civilian

MS- MP AT SCHOOL CROSSING

**CU-CHILDREN AT CROSSWALK** 

MS- MP W/ DOG

THE 3RD SIGNAL BRIGADE **PROVIDES** COMMUNICTION-ELECTRONIC PLANNING AND SUPPORT FOR THE THIRD CORPS WITH ITS THREE SIGNAL BATTALIONS. SUPPORTING THE 3RD SIGNAL BRIGADE ARE TWO NATIONAL GUARD UNITS, THE 212TH SIGNAL BN FROM ARKANSAS AND THE

THE 89TH MILITARY POLICE

711TH FROM ALABAMA.

BRIGADE HAS ONE COMBAT

SUPPORT MILITARY POLICE

BATTALION, AND A LAW

ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY.

PRIMARY SUPPORT IS TO THE

INSTALLATION DISCIPLINE, LAW

AND ORDER MISSION AND

**III CORPS WORLDWIDE** 

CONTINGENCY MISSIONS. THE

**AUDIO** 

Working guard dog

MS- MPS IN FIELD

BRIGADE'S WARTIME FORCE
STRUCTURE INCLUDES TWO
ACTIVE AND TWO RESERVE
COMPONENT MILITARY POLICE
BATTALIONS, WITH SUBORDINATE
UNITS LOCATED IN TEXAS AND
SIX OTHER STATES.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 504TH PATCH

MI BRIGADE SEQUENCE-Soldiers setting up site in the field

LS- SGT SETTING UP EQUIP-Set up and operation of jamming equip

CU- Soldier using equipment

THE 504TH MILITARY
INTELLIGENCE BRIGADE WITH ITS
3 M. I. BATTALIONS AND
HEADQUARTERS DETACHMENT
PROVIDES INTELLIGENCE
COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS, AND
ELECTRONIC WARFARE SUPPORT
TO THIRD CORPS. THE 504TH IS
ROUNDED OUT BY A RESERVE
COMPONENT UNIT, THE 301ST
TACTICAL EXPOITATION MILITARY
INTELLIGENCE BATTALION;
AND BY COMPANY G,

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**AUDIO** 

ES- INTELLIGENCE AIRCRAFT. Aircraft performing

143RD INFANTRY BATTALION OF THE TEXAS NATIONAL GUARD.

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: 31ST ADA PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: ES- WEAPONS IN CAMOFLAUGED POSITIONS

HAWK SEQ

CHAPPARAL SEQ

**CU- SOLDIERS SHOOTING** 

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

DISSOLVE TO: MEDDAC PATCH

ES-LS- AERIAL OF DARNALL shot of hospital showing it's size

MS- PATIENT GOING THROUGH XRAY

THE 31ST AIR DEFENSE

ARTILLERY (ADA) BRIGADE

PROVIDES LOW TO MEDIUM

ALTITUDE AIR DEFENSE

COVERAGE FOR THE THIRD

CORPS WITH IT'S HAWK AND

CHAPARRAL BATTALIONS. THE

CHAPARRALS OF THE 1ST

BATTALION, 200TH ADA OF THE

NEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD

PROVIDE ROUNDOUT STRENGTH

IN WARTIME.

MEDICAL HEALTH CARE FOR THE

FORT HOOD COMMUNITY IS

PROVIDED BY DARNALL ARMY

COMMUNITY HOSPITAL,

ONE OF THE BEST EQUIPPED AND

( E. )

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#### AUDIO

145-	DOCTOR	EXAMINING	CHILD
1012-	DOCION		

MOST MODERN MEDICAL FACILITIES IN CENTRAL TEXAS.

THIS BUSY 254 BED HOSPITAL

SUPPORTS AN AREA OF 177 TEXAS

LS- SURGICAL PROCEDURES

COUNTIES. EACH MONTH MORE

THAN 450 MAJOR SURGICAL

PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED

AND APPROXIMATELY 60-

CU- BABY IN NURSERY

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

EXT. DENTAL CLINIC

THOUSAND OUTPATIENTS ARE

SEEN. AN AVERAGE OF 7 BABIES

ARE BORN DAILY AT DARNALL.

DISSOLVE TO: DENTAC PATCH

DISSOLVE TO: ES- DENTAL

CLINIC

OURDENTALACTIVITYOPERATES

SIX CLINICS THROUGHOUT FORT

HOOD, PROVIDING A FULL RANGE

OF DENTAL HEALTH CARE

LS-PATIENT
Patient getting shot and having care

administered

SERVICES. IN SUPPORT OF OUR

READINESS MISSION, THE

DENTAL ACTIVITY HAS

phic xray DEVELOPED COMPREHENSIVE

PROGRAMS WHICH OFFER

COMMANDERS INSTANTANEOUS

MS- XRAY

Soldier receives panographic xray

M	H			$\cap$
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#### **AUDIO**

CU- XRAY

ACCESS TO THEIR UNITS'

MS- SOLDIER GETTING DENTAL

PANOGRAPHIC AND DENTAL

READINESS STATUS, INFORMING

CHECK

THE COMMANDER AS TO THE

DISSOLVE TO: BLACK

LIKELIHOOD OF LOST

MAN-POWER DUE TO DENTAL

CASUALTIES.

DISSOLVE TO: TEXCOM PATCH

ONE OF FORT HOOD'S MAJOR

TENANT UNITS IS

EXT. ES- TEXCOM BUILDING

HEADQUARTERS, TEST AND

EXPERIMENTATION COMMAND,

**APACHE SHOT** 

TEXCOM, LOCATED AT WEST

FORT HOOD. THIRD CORPS

TESTING SEQ

SUPPORTS TEXCOM IN TESTING

NEW TACTICAL CONCEPTS.

EQUIPMENT, AND

ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES.

FORT HOOD IS NO STRANGER TO

TEST MISSIONS. WE'RE IN THE

FOREFRONT OF MODERNIZATION

**AUDIO** 

MS- M-I ABRAMS TANK

LS- M-3 CAVALRY FIGHTING VEHICLE

LS- TARGET POPS UP

MS- APACHE FLY OVER

MES SEQUENCE

OF THE U.S. ARMY. A MAJORITY OF NEW EQUIPMENT ITEMS HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED TO THE FIELD AT FORT HOOD TO INCLUDE THE M-1 ABRAMS TANK, THE M-2 BRADLEY INFANTRY FIGHTING VEHICLE, THE M-3 CAVALRY FIGHTING VEHICLE, AND THE APACHE AH-64 ATTACK HELICOPTER.

FORT HOOD NOW HAS THE LEAD
IN FIELDING THE ARMY'S NEW
STATE-OF-THE-ART DIGITAL
COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM,
MOBILE SUBSCRIBER
EQUIPMENT. THE MSE PROGRAM
WILL REPLACE ALMOST 90
PERCENT OF THE CURRENT
COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT IN
THIRD CORPS. THE VARIETY OF

**AUDIO** 

GRAPHIC- INVENTORY OF EQUIP

EQUIPMENT FOUND ON FORT HOOD REPRESENTS JUST ABOUT EVERY PIECE OF EQUIPMENT IN THE ARMY INVENTORY. THE AIRCRAFT, WHEELED, AND TRACKED VEHICLES TOTAL MORE THAN 10-THOUSAND ITEMS AND HAVE A VALUE OF MORE THAN FOUR BILLION DOLLARS. TO KEEP OUR EQUIPMENT RUNNING EACH YEAR TAKES MORE THAN 17 MILLION GALLONS OF FUEL AT A

REFUELING SHOTS

ES- AERIAL FOOTAGE OF MO-TOR POOL ROW

MS- Maintenance shot- Soldiers replacing engine

THIS LARGE AMOUNT OF EQUIP-MENTREFLECTS THE SIZE OF OUR MAINTENANCE EFFORTS. AT FORT HOOD, WE CONSIDER THAT UNIT COMBAT READINESS
CANNOT BE A REALITY WITHOUT THE AVAILABILITY AND PROPER FUNCTIONING OF MATERIAL AND

COST OF MORE THAN 11 MILLION

DOLLARS.

**AUDIO** 

RESOURCES. THAT'S WHY THE TRAINING OF SUPPORT UNITS IS AS IMPORTANT AS THE TRAINING OF TACTICAL UNITS.

FADE IN: Large formation running

PT

FORTHOOD FACILITIES SUPPORT

ALMOST 200-THOUSAND

GRAPHIC- Population statistics

\_\_\_\_\_

MILITARY, CIVILIAN AND RETIRED

PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES.

MS- Soldier reporting for pay

THE PAYROLL GENERATED EACH

GRAPHIC- Payroll statistics

MONTH TO PAY OUR SOLDIERS

**AVERAGES 59-MILLION DOLLARS** 

AND 9-MILLION FOR OUR CIVILIAN

WORKFORCE, THAT'S MORE THAN

800-MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR.

ES-LS-PX exterior w bus in front

MS- PX interior w woman shopping

in toddler section

LS- Aisle in commissary

MS- Soldier selecting fruit

**AERIAL- PAN OF COMMISSARY** 

THE LARGEST POST EXCHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES, AND THE COMMISSARY IS THE LARGEST, WITH MONTHLY SALES OVER 5 MILLION DOLLARS.

VIDEO	AUDIO
AND PX COMPLEX	
	MORE THAN 100,000 CUSTOMERS
	ARE SERVED IN EACH FACILITY
CU- THEATER MARQUIS LS- EXT. THEATER	MONTHLY.
LS- INT. LIVE PERFORMANCE	
LS- EXT.CHAPEL	FORT HOOD HAS TWO THEATERS
LS- CHAPLAIN IN FIELD	CAPABLE OF PRESENTING
CU- CHAPLAIN IN FIELD	MOTION PICTURES AS WELL AS
•	LIVE PRODUCTIONS. WE HAVE 17
	CHAPELS WITH A FULL RANGE OF
LS- FAMILY LIFE CENTER	WORSHIP SERVICES AND
MS- INT. CLASSROOM	ACTIVITIES AVAILABLE TO ALL
ES- LITTLE BOYS PLAY SOCCER	SOLDIERS AND FAMILIES.
	SPECIAL PROGRAMS INCLUDE
LS-EXTERIOR OF ENLISTED HOUSES	THE MARRIAGE AND FAMILY LIFE
	CENTER AND ACTIVE RELIGIOUS
LS-EXTERIOR OF OFFICER	EDUCATION CLASSES FOR ALL
HOUSES	AGES. THERE ARE MORE THAN
ES- LS- EXERCISE ROOM	5,500 SETS OF FAMILY QUARTERS
	0,000 02 10 01 17 101121 007 11 17 21 10

ON POST IN 12 DIFFERENT

HOUSING AREAS. WE HAVE

APPROXIMATELY 4,600 FOR EEN

CU-Feet walking

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AUDIO

ES-Poxon House

ENLISTED AND 900 FOR

MS- Children on slide

OFFICERS. ADDITIONALLY, 469
ROOMS PROVIDE TEMPORARY
LODGING FOR TRANSIENT PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES
INCLUDING THE 75 ROOM POXON

HOUSE.

MS- Man on bike

CU- Feet pedalling

MS- Basketball

MS- Raquetball

CU- Little girl in pool

CU- Weights

CU- Man lifting weights

LS- Soldier napping

MS- Woman making pottery

MC- Two woman working on crafts

AERIAL- ZOOM OUT of the soldiers

dome

ES-LS Belton Lake

THE ABRAMS PHYSICAL FITNESS
CENTER, ONE OF THE 9 PHYSICAL
FITNESS CENTERS ON POST, IS
AN INDOOR ATHLETIC FACILITY
WHICH INCLUDES BASKETBALL,
RAQUETBALL, AND SQUASH
COURTS, AS WELL AS AN INDOOR
SWIMMING POOL AND SEVERAL

FORT HOOD HAS MANY
FACILITIES FOR SOLDIER
RELAXATION. THE SKILLS
DEVELOPMENT CENTER

EXERCISE ROOMS.

VI	DE	0
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LS- Keith fishing

MS- Child coming down water slide

LS- "Cafe Court" in PX mall

CU- Soldier eating pizza

EXT. LS- Shoppette

MS- Baseball player hitting ball

MS- Barber cutting hair

FADE TO BLACK

FADE IN: AERIAL of Beaumont Aircraft load up

AERIAL of highway cloverleaf LS- Ship

MS- Equipment loading into ship

ES- Rail Road Yard

WS- Soldiers loading equipment

#### **AUDIO**

PROVIDES OUR SOLDIERS MANY RECREATION SERVICES. THE SOLDIERS DOME IS AN ENLISTED CLUB THAT CAN SEAT 900, AND THE BELTON LAKE OUTDOOR RECREATION AREA HAS A WIDE VARIETY OF ACTIVITIES. IN ADDITION THERE ARE 22 SNACK BARS, 22 RETAIL STORES, 27 BASEBALL FIELDS, AND 14 BARBER SHOPS.

FROM FORT HOOD WOULD DO SO
BY SEA OR AIR. HIGHWAY 190 IS A
FOUR-LANE ROUTE THAT
CONNECTS WITH THE
INTERSTATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM
PROVIDING ACCESS TO ONE OF
OUR DEEP WATER PORTS AT
GALVESTON. RAIL LINES WITH
THE FORT HOOD RAIL LOADING
YARD WHERE FOUR TRAINS CAN

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#### **AUDIO**

BE POSITIONED FOR

SIMULTANEOUS LOADING.

ES- C-5 Galaxy being loaded

MS- "Dust Off" helicopter turns and exits frame

LS- Soldiers board civilianaircraft

MS- Soldiers on commercial lane

LS- C-5 Galaxy take off

LS- U-21 on runway moves and

LS- U21 taxis for take off

exits frame

MS- Mohawk aircraft on runway

TO ACCOMMODATE FREQUENT OFF-POST DEPLOYMENT AND EXTENSIVE AVIATION TRAINING, FORT HOOD OPERATES 2
AIRFIELDS. ROBERT GRAY ARMY AIRFIELD IS THE ONLY CORPS LEVEL PORT OF EMBARKATION OPERATED BY THE ARMY, AND IS CAPABLE OF HANDLING COMMERCIAL WIDE-BODIED AIRCRAFT AND ALL UNITED STATES AIR FORCE AIRCRAFT TO INCLUDE THE C-5 GALAXY. GRAY ARMY AIR FIELD IS LOCATED AT WEST FORT HOOD AND HAS A

3,000 METER RUNWAY, AND

RAMP SPACE CAPABLE OF

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**AUDIO** 

TRAFFIC.

CU- Propellor turning

LS- Mohawk leaves

ES- AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL

CENTER

CU-Scope

MS- Controller at scope

CU- Weather screen

MS- Military controllers

CU- Control panel

OTS- Controller

CU- Hand writing information

ES. -HOOD ARMY AIRFIELD

AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL IS

PERSONNEL, CARGO AND

FIXED AND ROTARY WING

REFUELING OPERATIONS FOR

PROVIDED BY CIVILIAN AND

MILITARY CONTROLLERS FOR ALL

AIRCRAFT IN A 15,000 SQUARE

MILE AREA. MORE THAN 250

THOUSAND AIRCRAFT ARE

MANAGED BY HOOD FLIGHT

FOLLOWING AND THE ARMY

RADAR APPROACH CONTROL

EACH YEAR. ONE OF FOUR

OPERATED BY THE ARMY, THE

ARAC PROVIDES CIVIL AND MILI-

TARY AIRCRAFT INSTRUMENT

FLIGHT HANDLING.

ES- Aerial view

CU- Airfield tower

MS- CH47 helicopter hovering

LS- Apache aricraft on runway

#### **ES-TRAINING**

LS- Mortar Loading

CU- Round insertion

ES- War game room

LS- Soldiers around simulation table

**CU-Figurines** 

MS- Soldier moves figurines

MS- Tank rolls over soldie

LS- Soldiers run through smoke

#### AUDIO

HOOD ARMY AIRFIELD, LOCATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF THE POST, HAS ONLY ROTARY WING OPERATIONS AND IS HOME FOR ALMOST 400 HELICOPTERS AND THE ARMY'S FIELDING PROGRAM OF THE AH-64 BY THE APACHE TRAINING BRIGADE.

COMBAT READINESS IS OUR
FUNDAMENTAL PURPOSE.
READINESS CAN ONLY BE
ACHIEVED THROUGH REALISTIC
ANDVIGOROUSTRAINING. THAT'S
WHY WE VIEW TRAINING AS THE
CORNERSTONE FOR SUCCESS IN
BATTLE. WE BELIEVE THAT ON
THE DAY OF BATTLE, SOLDIERS
AND UNITS WILL FIGHT AS WELL
OR AS POORLY AS THEY WERE
TRAINED BEFORE BATTLE.

#### AUDIO

MS- Armored vehicles cover Fort Hood terrain

FORT HOOD IS AN EXCELLENT PLACE TO TRAIN ARMORED AND MECHANIZED FORCES. THE WEATHER IS FAVORABLE FOR YEAR-ROUND TRAINING AND THE TERRAIN IS VARIED AND TRAFFICABLE FOR ALL VEHICLES. PART OF THE RESERVATION'S EASTERN BOUNDARY IS FORMED BY THE BELTON RESERVOIR AND PROVIDES AN EXCELLENT AREA

FOR RIVER CROSSING

OPERATIONS.

LS- Two small bridging barges work river crossing operation

**ES-RANGES** 

ES- Weapons firing on range

CU- Red range flag

CU- Individual soldier fires M-16

CU- Soviet target pops up

LS- Soldiers climb wall at Mout training

MS-Soldiers h elpeach otherget ovoer wall

WE HAVE A WIDE VARIETY OF
RANGE FACILITIES AVAILABLE; TO
INCLUDE SOME OF THE
MOST MODERN COMPUTERIZED
RANGES AND THE LARGEST
FACILITY IN CONUS FOR
TRAINING ON MILITARY

AUDIO

LS- Howitzer firing

CU- Round hitting target

CU- Office looking through binoculars

OPERATIONS IN URBANIZED TERRAIN OR 'MOUT.' WE CAN FIRE ALL WEAPONS THAT BELONG TO AN ARMY DIVISION, SOLDIERS RECEIVE THEIR TRAINING AS INDIVIDUALS AND AS MEMBERS OF TEAMS. INDIVIDUAL TRAINING HONES THOSE SKILLS SO NECESSARY TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF THE UNIT. AT FORT HOOD, UNIT TRAINING SUCH AS INFANTRY, ARMOR, ARTILLERY, AVIATION, AIR DEFENSE, AND ENGINEER IS CONDUCTED TO CLOSELYSIMULATETHEMODERN BATTLEFIELD'S TEMPO AND SCOPE.

**AUDIO** 

ES- RADIOMAN SIGNALS HELI-COPTERS TO TAKE OFF

A soldier makes and hand motion and approimately 10 aircraft take off.

**CU-CAPSTONE GRAPHIC** 

CU- MAP OF U.S. SHOWING CAP-STONE STATES

**CU-TANK DRIVER** 

LS- TANK CROSSING BRIDGE

THIRD CORPS UNITS ARE INVOLVED IN YEAR-ROUND SUPPORT TO RESERVE COMPONENT
UNITS IN VARYING DEGREES. THE
HIGHEST PRIORITY GOES TO
THOSE WHICH ARE PART OF THE
CORPS WARTIME ORGANIZATION.
THESE UNITS FALL UNDER A PROGRAM CALLED CAPSTONE IN
WHICH THE CORPS ASSIGNS
THEM WARTIME MISSIONS AND
TRAINING TASKS. OUR CAPSTONE
UNITS TOTAL MORE THAN 400 AND
COME FROM ACROSS THE UNITED
STATES.

CU-BAR GRAPH SHOWING UNITS TO BE MOBILIZED

AS YOU CAN SEE FROM THE GRAPH, A MAJORITY OF THE COMBAT SUPPORT AND COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT UNITS WHICH SUPPORT THIRD CORPS, WOULD HAVE TO BE MOBILIZED IF THE

**AUDIO** 

ES- RESERVISTS IN ROAD MARCH

NORMAL WARTIME MISSION.

ABOUT 30,000 ARMY NATIONAL GUARDSMEN AND RESERVISTS FROM THESE UNITS TRAIN AT FORT HOOD ANNUALLY, THE MAJORITY OF THEM AT NORTH FORTHOOD. THEY EITHER BRING THEIR EQUIPMENT WITH THEM, OR DRAWIT FROM THE MOBILIZATION AND TRAINING EQUIPMENT SITE AT NORTH FORT HOOD, WHICH IS OPERATED BY THE TEXAS ARMY

SEQUENCE OF RESERVE FORCES LOADING EQUIPMENT

TRUCKS OFF LOADING

SEQUENCE OF SOLDIERS
UNDERGOING VIGOROUS
TRAINING
Soldiers climb obstacles, learn
operation of equipment, throw
grenades, etc

THIRD CORPS TRAINING
RESPONSIBILITIES FURTHER
INCLUDE ASSISTING THE
OVERSEAS DEPLOYED CORPS BY
PROVIDING VARIOUS FORMS OF

NATIONAL GUARD.

AUDIO

ASSISTANCE TO THEIR CAPSTONE
ACTIVE AND RESERVE
COMPONENT UNITS STATIONED
HERE IN THE UNITED STATES.
THESE UNITS, ALONG WITH OUR
CAPSTONE UNITS, ARE INCLUDED
UNDER A NEW PROGRAM CALLED
WARTRAIN. THE HEADQUARTERS
OF OUR WARTRAIN UNITS
STRETCH FROM COAST TO COAST
AND ARE COMPRISED PRIMARILY
OF ARMORED AND MECHANIZED
FORCES.

SLIDE- SHOWING WARTRAIN MISSION

MAP OF THE U.S. SHOWING WARTRAIN STATES

CU- WARTRAIN SLIDE

WHEN YOU TAKE INTO ACCOUNT
ALL THE STATES WHERE OUR
WARTRAIN SUBORDINATE UNITS
ARE LOCATED, YOU CAN EASILY
SEE THE TOTAL COMMITMENT OF
THE THIRD CORPS ACROSS THE
THE UNITED STATES IN MEETING

AUDIO

THE GOAL OF A TOTALLY TRAINED FORCE.

LS- BAYONNET TRAINING

CU-SOLDIER IN BAYONNET TRAINING

LS-SOLDIERS TRAINING FOR COMBAT IN THE CITY

MS- SGT DIRECTING WIRE IN-STALLATION

LEADERSHIP MONTAGE-LOTS OF SHOTS SHOWING NON-COMMIS-SIONED OFFICERS TEACHING AND LEADING SOLDIERS TO LEAD OUR SOLDIERS, WE PLACE A PREMIUM ON TRAINING OUR LEADERS. SINCE LEADERSHIP IS A CRUCIAL ELEMENT OF COMBAT POWER AND A KEY INGREDIENT IN UNIT COHESION, WE STRESS THE DEVELOPMENT OF LEADERS AT ALL LEVELS, AND PROVIDE THE TRAINING, TIME AND OPPORTUNITY FOR THAT DEVELOPMENT.

MS- TANK ROLLS OVER SOLDIER Soldier lays down on ground as tank rolls over him

LS- SCLDIERS RUN THROUGH SMOKE Soldiers maneuver through smoke in simulated combat in cities

LS-SOLDIERS TRAINING FOR COMBAT IN THE CITY

THE ARMY'S MANUAL FOR OPERATIONS STATES THAT SUPERIOR COMBAT POWER DERIVES FROM THE COURAGE OF SOLDIERS, THE EXCELLENCE OF THEIR TRAINING AND QUALITY OF THEIR LEADERSHIP. THROUGHOUT FORT HOOD YOU WILL SEE SOME OF THE BEST TRAINED SOLDIERS WHO ARE MOTIVATED AND FULLY CAPABLE OF CARRYING OUT THEIR DUTIES. WE TAKE GREAT PRIDE IN THEM AND FEEL THEY BEST TELL THE STORY OF FORT HOOD.

**AUDIO** 

WHETHER YOU SEE THEM TRAINING, PREPARING FOR INSPECTION. PERFORMING MAINTENANCE, PARTICIPATING IN CEREMONIES, OR RELAXING; YOU
KNOW THEY ARE DEDICATED TO
THEIR PROFESSION, AND COUNTRY

LS- CEREMONY
Cannons firing during a ceremony

SOLDIERS PROPERLY TRAINED AND CORRECTLY LED WILL PRODUCE THE WINNING EDGE IN BATTLE.

ENDING MONTAGE- SLOW MO-TION Soldiers, training, military family, flags, Texas countryside, a helicopter hovering in the sun set, and 4th of July fireworks

FADE IN: MUSIC

# SYNOPSIS

#### SYNOPSIS FOR PRODUCTION PROPOSAL

Fort Hood, the largest armored installation in the free world, is a 339 square mile installation and the only post in the United States that accommodates two armored divisions. With more than 39,000 soldiers, 400 aircraft and 12,800 tactical vehicles, Fort Hood has earned the reputation as a Mobile Armored Corps.

Named for the famous Confederate General John Bell Hood, who gained recognition during the Civil War as the Commander of Hood's Texas Brigade, Fort Hood is located in "hill and Lake" country of Central Texas, midway between Austin and Waco, just west of the city of Killeen.

The history of the Corps began in 1918 when it was first activated in France. The Corps fought well in World War I, earning six battle streamers during the conflict. In December 1944, III Corps forces captured Fort Jeanne d'Arc during the Battle of the Bulge. It was then that Corps earned the nickname "Phantom Corps" by hitting the enemy when and where they least expected it. Still, late in December, the Corps liberated 100 towns in 10 days as they rushed to aid defenders in Bastogne. In the mid 50s, the Corps came to Fort Hood, then was inactivated from May 1959 until September 1961, when the advent of the Berlin crisis brought the "Phantom Corps" back to life.

Since then, the III Corps' primary mission has been to maintain its state of readiness for combat missions. It has planned and supervised the training of thousands of troops and readied and deployed two field forces to South Vietnam. The Corps participates, on a continuing basis, in

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maneuvers and exercises worldwide, mobilizing its massive force with calculated precision. The priorities of training, discipline, maintenance and teamwork combine to ensure a combat ready and effective unit. Rigorous schedules include intensive field training, night exercises, gunnery qualification and deployment training.

The Corps sets the standard for force modernization, possessing the newest and most technically advanced equipment. The modernization of the tank units was recently completed with receipt of the last M1 "Abrams" tanks and the Infantry and cavalry units are receiving the new Bradley fighting vehicles. In addition, the Corps has received the AH64 Apache Attack helicopter, the OH58D Advanced Scout helicopter and the Multiple Launch Rocket System (MLRS).

Quality of life for the soldier and his or her family has become a top priority and III Corps places special emphasis and concern in providing the best possible support. Utilizing the outstanding facilities on Fort Hood, the family has access to medical and dental care, commissary, shopping and recreational activities.

With realistic training, the best in technical advance, and a multitude of support services, the Fort Hood soldier is ready, willing and able to go anywhere anytime, to defend the United States.

TREATMENT

#### 3rd DRAFT SCRIPT TREATMENT

## PART 1. MUSIC AND INTRO MONTAGE ("Eye of the Tiger")

The show begins with an exciting, fast-paced montage of tanks, aircraft and people on the move, performing their mission and training.

The music will have a quick tempo and have a military theme. The voice of the narrator will welcome the viewer to III Corps and Ft Hood.

#### PART 2. HISTORY OF THE CORPS AND FT HOOD

Old photographs of Camp and Ft Hood show old equipment such as the half-track, predecessor to the modern day tank, and soldiers garbed in old military uniforms indicative of the various eras are seen riding in horse drawn wagons and old trucks. A painting of General John Bell Hood, after whom the Fort is named is included. Building and facilities are shown as they were in past years.

Historical footage and still photos will show the soldiers of the various units participating in battle and in campaigns. This historical montage will include footage of Patton.

# PART 3. FT HOOD LOCATION AND SIZE

Pictures of old buildings contrasting with new will serve as a transition from the history sequence to description of the physical size and layout of Ft Hood. A topographical map and colorful graphics will display the boundaries of the post and it's training areas.

# PART 4. III CORPS AND FT HOOD OBJECTIVES

Graphics will be utilized to state the goals and objectives of the Corps and Ft Hood. These graphics listed will include the mounted Phantom Warrior mounted on his armored horse.

#### PART 5. FT HOOD UNITS

A graphic depiction of the Corps patch with subordinate command patches surrounding it will show the scope and vast number of units assigned. Units and organizations located on Ft Hood will also be shown on an organizational chart.

#### PART 6. 1ST CAVALRY DIVISION

In keeping with the spirit of the proud cavalry this sequence will open with a full charge of the mounted horse detachment. Approximately

25 of the 1st Cav's ceremonial horse soldiers and their mule-drawn covered wagon race the length of a grassy hillside with sabres waving and pistols firing.

A Braziey fighting vehicle emerges through the heavy thicket and screeches to a halt as it's squad of well camouflaged soldiers rapidly dismount and move into defensive positions.

Once out of their Bradley the infantry soldiers are organized quickly and travel in a combat formation and maneuver over the tough Texas landscape.

A tight formation of the Apache attack helicopters, led by their OH-58 scouts are silhouetted against the sky. Then the aircraft hovers low and close, as if flexing it's visible fire power and sophisticated avionics devices.

#### PART 7. 2ND ARMOR DIVISION

A M-1 Abrams tank maneuvers over rough terrain as it bounces through a rutted gully. Another tank, heard rumbling before it is seen cresting the hill screechs to a halt and rocks slightly as it fires it's powerful weaponry. Down range a huge cloud of smoke is seen as the round hits the designated target.

Infantrymen crouch lowly as they are gathered for an operations plan. Others are seen in well dug fighting positions.

To show the 2nd AD involvement in our European mission a tank moves down cobble stone road in Germany with obvious German architecture in the background.

### PART 8. 6TH CAVALRY BRIGADE (AIR COMBAT)

An Apache attack helicopter, taped from a helicopter along side, flys and maneuvers through the sky with precision. Then it turns to fly directly toward the helicopter with the camera. An OH 58, scouting for an apache, demonstrates it maneuverability.

The large CH 47 "work horse" helicopter performs a lift mission by carrying such heavy pieces of equip as a vehicle or heavily loaded palate.

The difficult performance of door gunnery is demonstrated and soldiers rappell from an OH-1.

#### PART 9. APACHE TRAINING BRIGADE

A neat pattern of Apaches are shown as they sit in long straight rows on the flight line. An instructor pilot providing guidance to another pilot in the complex cockpit

Formations of apaches in flight

Apaches firing and hitting targets

Apache maneuvering in flight

#### PART 10. 13TH SUPPORT COMMAND

Maintenance mission

Refueling

Food preparation

Transportation

Construction

Administration

engineer bridging operation

#### PART 11. 3rd SIGNAL BRIGADE

Personnel performing mission with communication and electronic equip

Antennas protruding into the air from a field site Field radio telephone operation MSE Equip

#### PART 12. 89TH MILITARY POLICE BRIGADE

Installation law and order-school crossing/traffic mgmnt Field duties and wartime mission

Prisoner of war processing

#### PART 13. 504TH MILITARY INTELLIGENCE BRIGADE

Equip used for intelligence collection and analysis

Satellite disc

Soldiers performing mission

#### PART 14. 31ST AIR DEFENSE ARTILLERY

Weapons camouflaged in positions

Hawk

Chaparral

Other equip and soldiers using it

#### PART 15. MEDICAL HEALTH CARE

Dust off helicopter delivers patient to an ambulance

Exterior of Darnall Army Hospital

Patient undergoing x-ray (CATSCAN)

Surgical procedures

Newborn nursery

Doctor examining child

#### PART 16. DENTAL CARE

Outside of the one of the dental clinics

Patient (soldier) getting teeth cleaned

Patient getting panoramic x-ray performed

#### PART 17. TEST AND EXPERIMENTATION COMMAND

Organizational flag

M-1 tank

M- 2 Bradley Inf fighting vehicle

M-3 Cavalry fighting vehicle

Apache

Attack helicopter

Mobile subscriber equip

#### PART 18. LARGE EQUIP INVENTORY

Heavy equipment is loaded onto railroad cars to be transported to distant training locations around the country.

To show the large inventory of equipment, vehicles and aircraft will be shown from the air.

Aerial shots of motorpool row

- " " rows of tanks
- " " heavy combat vehicles
- " " aircraft

Maintenance shots

#### PART 19. POPULATION AND PAYROLL

Personnel being paid

Graphics- Money and personnel

#### PART 20. POST FACILITIES

Post exchange- interior and exterior

Commissary interior or exterior

Theaters

Chapels

Family Quarters

Paxon House -guest house

Abrams fitness Center

- -basketball
- -racquetball
- -swimming pool
- -weightrooms

Skills development center

Soldier's Dome

Aerial of Belton Lake Rec area -w/ boats and waterslide

Interior craft shop-someone making ceramics/ auto craft shop

Snack bars

The state of the s

Barber Shop

#### PART 21. RAILROAD LOADING

Tanks, equip and vehicles being loaded

#### PART 22. ARMY AIRFIELDS ON HOOD

Gray Field- From the air

Hood Field- from the air

aerial shot of towers and runways

Aircraft taking off

Air traffic controllers

cu Air traffic equip

C5 being loaded and taking off

#### PART 23. TRAINING SEQUENCE

Fast-paced montage of soldiers training

Lots of close-ups of soldiers showing struggle and determination.

NBC Reaction course

#### PART 24. RANGES

Range computerized equip

Lot of firing shot

Aerial of ranges

Soldiers firing M-16

#### PART 25. RESERVE UNITS

Reserve units in action
Personnel and equip

### PART 26. ENDING MONTAGE (slow motion) "God Bless the USA"

NCOs displaying leadership
equip, weapons, parades, mounted cav plt charge.
Soldiers in the field w/ masks
Soldiers with their families
Soldiers performing confidence course

# EQUIPMENT REQUEST

#### **EQUIPMENT REQUEST FORM**

Requested by: Melanie Reeder Thesis project Project:

Dates required:

Approved By:

#### **EQUIPMENT LIST**

WV 200 CLE Panosonic camera w/batteries

3000 w/ batteries

14 Pin cable

Deck (sony BVU 110, 1st choice, JVC 4900, 2nd choice)

JVC AC 50 adapter

Adapter to camera cable

4 pin cable

**Batteries** 

Recharger

Miller Tripod

M-R Light kit

Headphones

Audio cables

DL-42 Microphone (film dept)

Camera Manual

Extension cords (2)

Apple boxes (2) (film dept)

Panasonic Monitor

**BNC** Cable

2 C-stands (film Dept)

## CREDITS

Produced and Directed by Major Melanie Reeder

Written by Tommy Tucker and Melanie Reeder

Edited by Valerie Valdez and Melanie Reeder

Camera Operators
SGT Eugenio Redmond
Mike Kelehar
Keith Conner
Spec Tammy Combs
Bennet McBride
SGT Ronald Vaughn

Sound recordist Amanda Lineker

Sound Mix Jon Ettinger

Music Luther Bradfute

Graphics Design
Mike Kelehar and TASC Graphics Dept

Special Effects

Dallas Post Productions

Mike Kelehar

Keith Conner

Pre-recorded Music
"The Eye of the Tiger"
Survivor
"God Bless the USA"
Lee Greenwood

Music Editor Keith Conner

Grips
Sue Mulvehill
SPEC Joe French
PFC BoTrosper

Slow Motion Mike Kelehar

Lighting
Keith Conner
Melanie Reeder
SGT Eugenio Redmond

Technical advisors

McDonnell Douglas Aircraft Company
Ft Hood Public Affairs Officers

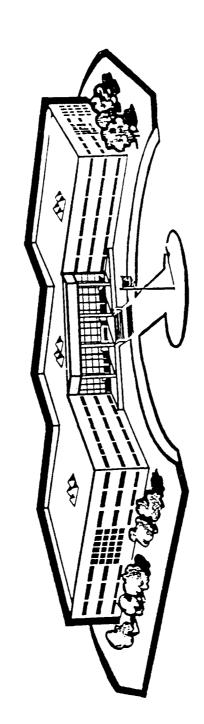
Special Thanks to TSC-TV FT Hood Professor Joe' Fowler Dr Robert Looks

PRODUCED AT THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN DEPARTMENT OF RADIO-TELVISION-FILM

Dedicated to
The Soldiers Assigned to III Corps

An M. REEDER AND III CORPS PRODUCTION 1989 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

### DIGITAL SPECIAL EFFECTS



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CLIENT.				DATE									
PRODUCER  BILL TO Third Corps P.A.O.  P.O.C. Major Melanie Reeder  One Settlements Road				TELEPHONE (812)947-9346/287-4804									
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					CREDITS								
Remii To: 6305 N. O'Connor, Suite 118, LB-10, Irong, TX 75039													
				Mng. TX 75039 TO LISTED NATIONALLY	TOTAL	s 600.00							

## CLIENT CORRESPONDENCE



#### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS III CORPS AND FORT HOOD FORT HOOD, TEXAS 76544-50



18 July 1989

Dr. Robert Brooks
Department of Radio, Television, and Films
University of Texas at Austin
Austin, Texas

Dear Dr. Brooks:

I'd like to pass on to you that the III Corps and Fort Hood Command Group has just finished reviewing Major Reeder's production of the Fort Hood Command Briefing. They are unanimous in their approval of her work.

We had a requirement for a professionally done video product that explained Fort Hood's mission and physical layout, and described each of the major assigned units. The final production exceeds our needs and expectations in every way. Major Reeder's work fits our requirement perfectly.

The video will supplement our current 35mm slide presentation and will give us a flexibility and convenience we haven't enjoyed before. In every respect, Major Reeder's work is a giant leap forward in our ability to tell the "Fort Hood Story" to our internal and external audiences.

BRUCE S. BEALS LTC(P), Infantry Public Affairs Officer

#### VITA

Melanie Ross Reeder

She received the degree of Bachelor of Science from Florida
State University in May, 1977, and was commissioned as a Lieutenant in the United States Army. In September of 1987 she entered the Graduate School of The University of Texas.

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This thesis was typed by the author in collaboration with Longhorn Copies.